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[a213] THE MANAGER

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ONLY communications relating to the news columns should be addressed to THE EDITOR. Correspondents must forward their names and addresses with communications addressed to the Editor, not for publication but as evidence of good faith.

All letters for publication should be written on one side of paper only. No anonymously signed communications that have already appeared in other papers will be inserted.

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HONGKONG OFFICE: 10A, DES VERT ROAD
LONDON OFFICE: 131, FLEET STREET, E.C.

The Daily Press.

HONGKONG, OCTOBER 29TH, 1910.

THE information which the Hon. Mr. MURRAY STEWART elicited from the Government as to the import of morphia in Hongkong is of more than local interest. About two years ago when public attention began to be drawn very emphatically to the increasing consumption of morphia in China, we pointed out that the Chinese Customs statistics, so far from supporting this assertion, showed that the import of morphia since 1903 had fallen so low as to be practically of no account. In 1902, the import of morphia into China was returned as 195,133 ounces; in 1903, it was 106,148 ounces, but in 1904 it dropped to 128 ounces only, and it has never risen since to as much as 500 ounces per annum. Yet everybody knows that during the past six years the increase in the consumption of morphia in China has been truly enormous. There is only one explanation of the Customs statistics: it is that the heavy duty imposed on morphia in 1903, has been evaded. Morphia is being smuggled into China under some other name. Prior to April 1903, the duty levied on morphia imported into China was at the rate of 5 per cent. ad valorem, representing a tax of about Tls. 0.08 per ounce. The Chinese Government having had its attention drawn to the growing use of morphia among the people, and the necessity

of checking the evil, placed on the drug a prohibitory tax which worked out at something like Tls. 3 per ounce. The Customs statistics lead the unsuspecting investigator to the belief that the prohibitory tax has effectually prohibited the import of the drug, but we do not think anyone who is in touch with Chinese life will deem it exaggeration if we assert that since the prohibitory tax was imposed the consumption of opium in China must have doubled at least. We doubt very much if we would be far wrong in saying that it had trebled. When the anti-opium movement in China reached the stage at which the Chinese Government threatened all opium-smokers with heavy pains and penalties if they persisted in continuing the habit there arose throughout the land a demand for an "opium cure." An "anti-opium pill" made its appearance on the market, and there was an enormous demand for them. But the "cure" proved but another form of taking the drug. These pills on being subjected to analysis were found to contain no antidotal drug, no stimulant or tonic ingredients, but simply morphia made into a tablet with ordinary household flour. A week ago the Hon. Mr. MURRAY STEWART asked in the Legislative Council for information as to the amount of morphia and compounds of opium imported into Hongkong. The answer given by the Government was that between the first of last March and the 30th September, 7,930 lbs. of morphia were imported into the Colony, the whole amount being shipped from London, and between the same dates 56,114 tals of compounds of opium were imported into Hongkong, of which among 34 per cent. came from London, and the remainder from Canton. The delicate irony of the resolution on the subject moved by the Hon. Mr. MURRAY STEWART in the Legislative Council on Thursday is readily appreciated. With a great show of virtue the Imperial Government has insisted on this Colony marching in line with China in the suppression of opium smoking to the extent of a large sacrifice of public revenue, and all the while the export of opium from England to China, in a far more deadly form, is permitted to flourish and increase. Mr. STEWART invites the Council to pass a resolution humbly praying the Secretary of State for the Colonies "to lay before Parliament the propriety of assisting this Government in its endeavours to discourage the opium vice in its most injurious form by restricting the export from England of the means of gratifying it." Of course, the Government could not accept a resolution "involving a certain criticism upon His Majesty's Government," but as a copy of the resolution is to be communicated to the Colonial Office, together with the address of the mover, the object will have been gained. We can add nothing to the pungency of the Hon. Mr. STEWART's remarks on the inconsistency of the Imperial Government's attitude in the matter. It was sound and effective criticism, to which there is really no reply. The speech of H. E. THE OFFICER ADMINISTERING THE GOVERNMENT only served to emphasise the Imperial Government's inconsistency. Sir HENRY MAY reminded the Council that two years ago His Majesty's Government passed an Order-in-Council prohibiting any British subject in China importing morphia into China or manufacturing the drug in that Empire. But His Majesty's Government has refrained from taking definite steps to stop the export of the drug from England, or its import into Hongkong. "Of course," said His Excellency, "it is obvious that if the export of morphia from Great Britain to China, or to Hongkong, or to any Far Eastern country was prohibited, the article would simply be exported to some European port and re-exported thence. Our own action that we have taken is equally obviously ineffective. We have done what we can, but there is no denying the fact that to prohibit the export from Hongkong to China of morphia is ineffective unless you can get every country we can possibly export to also to agree to prohibit and prevent such export." With relentless irony the Hon. Mr. MURRAY STEWART reminded His Excellency that the good people at Home have lifted this question out of the sphere of every-day politics by insisting that it is a question of righteousness, and not of money. It only remains to be said that it must not be assumed from the Hongkong returns that England is the only country engaged in this trade with China. We have seen it suggested in the north that England cannot even be regarded as the chief offender. Perhaps some definite information on this point will be forthcoming next month when another International Conference on the Opium Question is to be held at The Hague with special reference to the importation of morphia and compounds of opium into China.

The French mail of the 27th September was delivered in London on the 27th inst.

A native was fined \$50 by Mr. E. R. Hallifax at the Magistracy yesterday for cruel treatment of pigs on the steamer *Holthorn*.

The bazaar under the auspices of the Ministering Children's League takes place to-day at the Volunteer Parade Ground.

The General Convention of the American Church has created a new Bishopric in Central China, to be known as Wuhu, and the Rev. F. L. Hawks Pott, D.D., has been elected first Bishop of the new diocese.

"Are you in process of being wound up?" was the query addressed by the Police Judge yesterday to a solicitor who was appearing in a certain case. The solicitor replied, "I don't know, my Lord—at least I haven't heard of it," and the Court smiled.

Detective-Sergeant Bell prosecuted twenty-two Chinese merchants before Mr. J. R. Wood at the Magistracy yesterday for neglecting to cross receipt stamps. Thirteen of the defendants were fined \$25 apiece, and each of the other seven was mulcted in the sum of \$50. The fines totalled \$975.

An interesting ceremony took place at the American Consulate, (before, on 17th inst., when, in the presence of a few foreign and Chinese gentlemen, His Excellency Tseai Hsu invested Consul John Fowler and Mr. V. G. Lyman with the decorations recently bestowed upon them by the Emperor of China.

The Directors of United Serdang (Sumatra) Rubber Plantations, Ltd., inform the shareholders that they have completed the sale of ten tons of their No. 1 Rubber, deliveries evenly distributed throughout the year 1911, in Colombo at Rs. 4.50 (equivalent to 6s. 2½d. per lb. London terms).

A Chinese who gained entrance to a house in Reclamation Street, Yau-mai, at two o'clock in the morning, and was captured when leaving with a watch and chain, was charged before Mr. J. R. Wood at the Magistracy yesterday with larceny, convicted and sentenced to six weeks' imprisonment and four hours' stocks.

Mr. J. H. Gardiner appeared before Mr. J. R. Wood at the Magistracy yesterday afternoon to apply for bail on behalf of the Chinese woman who was recently arraigned on a charge of kidnapping and assaulting four girls and a boy. His Worship refused the application and fixed the hearing of the case for Thursday next.

Some amusement was created when the names "Li and Ju" were called out at the Supreme Court yesterday. When pronounced quickly they sounded like "Li and You," and the ripple of amusement thus created was not lessened when the bailiff informed the Court that "one was served and the other was not." The transaction was a money-lending one. The old woman had borrowed \$52 to get her son, who was committed to prison under a judgment, out of gaol and when called upon to pay she found herself in difficulties. His Honour after hearing the evidence ordered the old lady to pay \$5 a month.

THE STOLEN DIAMONDS.

Miss Doris Marlowe, of No. 2, Gage Street, who on Thursday reported the theft of three diamonds valued at \$5,500, appeared before Mr. E. R. Hallifax at the Magistracy yesterday to charge H. S. Lynn, a resident in the same house, with stealing the diamonds.

Mr. Hinds (of Messrs. Bruton & Hett) appeared for the complainant, and defendant was represented by Mr. W. E. L. Shenton (of Messrs. Deacon, Looker & Deacon).

Mr. Hinds asked his Worship to remand the case for a week.

Mr. Shenton said he had no objection provided his client was allowed bail.

His Worship—Can you find sureties?

Mr. Shenton—I think so.

His Worship—The charge against the defendant is taking away three diamond rings valued at \$3,600. You plead not guilty?

Mr. Shenton—Yes.

His Worship—What security can you find?

Mr. Shenton—My client thinks she can get \$3,000 cash.

Mr. Hinds—If the defendant puts up \$3,000 cash we have no objection to her giving sureties for the remainder. I think that bail ought not to be allowed in a less sum than the value of the jewellery.

Mr. Shenton—My client has only been in the Colony a week, and I think in the circumstances that \$3,000 is ample.

His Worship—Sureties would make her appearance surer.

Mr. Shenton—It is impossible for my client to get out of the Colony. The circumstances are not the same as in a Chinese case, where a defendant can slip away to Canton.

His Worship—I think I shall be satisfied with \$3,000.

Mr. Hinds—I leave it in your Worship's hands.

His Worship—I think that ought to secure her appearance, which is the only object of the bail, after all.

Mr. Hinds said he could be ready to proceed by Wednesday.

Mr. Shenton—I understand the prosecution really want to find out whether they have got a case or not.

His Worship remanded the defendant until Friday, and allowed bail in the sum of \$3,000.

TELEGRAMS.

[Protected by the Telegraph Message
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["DAILY PRESS" EXCLUSIVE SERVICE.]

THE CHINESE PARLIAMENT.

PEKING, October 28th.

An Imperial Edict has been issued which orders the Government Council to consider the memorial recently presented to the Throne by the National Assembly, in conjunction with the Provincial representations, and to present a report to the Throne at a general audience.

The people are most hopeful, as they consider that the majority of the Council are certain to support the memorial.

VICEROY OF CANTON RESIGNS.

PEKING, October 28th.

The resignation of His Excellency Yuan Hsu Shun, Viceroy of Canton, has been accepted.

NEW CHINESE MINISTER
TO BELGIUM.

PEKING, October 28th.

Li Kuo Chieh, a grandson of Li Hung Chang, has been appointed Minister to Brussels.

[REUTERS'S SERVICE TO THE "HONGKONG
DAILY PRESS."]THE JAPAN-BRITISH
EXHIBITION.

CELEBRATING ITS SUCCESS.

LONDON, October 28th.

The Duke of Norfolk presided at a banquet held to celebrate the success of the Japan-British Exhibition. Lord Kitchener was among those present.

Sir T. Kato, the Japanese Ambassador to London, replying to the congratulations offered by the Duke of Norfolk, said that Japan's aim in the Exhibition had been to prove that she was industrial and peace-loving, and not merely warlike.

Letters of congratulation were read from Prince Fushimi, Prince Arthur of Connaught and Baron Oura.

A BRITISH BYE-ELECTION.

LONDON, October 28th.

A bye-election has taken place at South Shields with the following result:—

RUSSELL REA (Liberal) ... 7,929
VAUGHAN WILLIAMS (Unionist) 4,910

Majority 3,019

This was a straight fight on Tariff Reform and the Land Question.

[This election was in consequence of the elevation of Sir William Robson, K.C., as a Lord of Appeal. Sir William Robson defeated Mr. Vaughan Williams at the General Election by a majority of 4,236. The votes recorded last January were 9,090 for Robson and 4,854 for Williams.]

BRITISH DREADNOUGHT
ARMAMENT.

EFFECT ON GERMANY'S NAVAL PLANS.

LONDON, October 28th.

Great interest has been excited in a statement of a naval correspondent of the "Daily Telegraph" which says that owing to the Admiralty's adoption of 18.5 guns for the eleven latest Dreadnoughts, the German designs must be reconsidered, and this will consequently involve delay in the German programme.

The extent of the retardation is uncertain, but it must inevitably be considerable.

"A VERY HIGH HONOUR" FOR
SIR FREDERICK LUGARD.

We are informed from Peking that B. E. Sir Frederick and Lady Lugard arrived on the 18th inst. by the early Northern mail and were met at the station by the whole British Legation staff. They are staying with Mr. Max Muller, the Charge d'Affaires, as his guests; and H. E. the Governor of Hongkong had a private interview with H. E. the Prince Regent to-day at which only Mr. Max Muller was present. This is a very high honour.—*China Critic*.

CANTON.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

October 27th.

MACAO BOUNDARY QUESTION.
Owing to the recent revolution in Portugal the Society for the Protection of Boundary Rights is somewhat alarmed at the probability of further trouble regarding the disputed boundary. In a memorial recently sent to Peking the Society has pointed out the necessity for an immediate settlement, urging that the present unsettled state of affairs may at any moment lead to grave international complications. One man, calling himself a patriot, has sent in a petition to the Viceroy urging him to take advantage of the present troubled state of affairs to gather a large land and sea force and take forcible possession of Macao and drive the Portuguese into the sea. The petitioner has been severely reprimanded for making such a suggestion.

THE QUEUE.

The agitation against the queue is still going on and gaining favour. It is quite noticeable now how the number of queueless Chinese has increased. Although various reasons are urged for its removal, there is no doubt that the fundamental reason is that the queue is the symbol of the hated Manchurian yoke, and that the agitation for its removal is only one phase of the patriotic revival which is passing over the country. There are, of course, those who bitterly resent removal, saying that the style of head-dress can make no possible difference to the prosperity of the country, but these persons certainly seem to be in the minority. I hear there has been started an Anti-Queue Society in Hongkong, and that branches of the association are to be formed here and in all the large towns. Even in the villages men are cutting off these hateful appendages, and some have even adopted European style of dress. The present idea, however, is to retain the present style of dress, as its rejection would mean ruin to many people.

RAILWAY TROUBLES.

The engineers who are constructing the Canton-Hankow line have a lot to put up with from the opposition and superstition of the ignorant villagers. These people who stand in constant dread of "Fung Shui" consider that the cutting of the line gives mortal offence to the deities who are supposed to preside over these districts. The latest trouble comes from a remote part of the Ying District, just on the borders of the province where a bridge is in course of construction. A few days ago a mob of angry villagers surrounded the contractor and demanded that the bridge should at once be taken down, as its erection would cause the prosperity of the place to cease. The contractor, of course, refused to do so, and then the infuriated peasants themselves began its demolition. Luckily, military aid was forthcoming and the structure was saved. If timely assistance had not been to hand it is highly probable that very serious damage would have been done. Such occurrences as these show how far large numbers of the Chinese are from any real enlightenment, and it gives some idea of the enormous task which the Government have to undertake to bring about the betterment of the country folk.

EDUCATIONAL MATTERS.

While the government of this province was directed by Viceroy Shun, education made great progress and many schools run on modern lines were opened. Under the present government, however, people are complaining that matters connected with education are going from bad to worse. Some time ago the Educational Commissioner was denounced as an incapable, and accused of giving all the important posts in his department to persons of his own family. Some time ago it was announced that a new class would be opened in the Government High School for successful students who had passed through the Middle Schools. Now it has been announced that the class will not be formed, as only nine students registered their names. This is spoken of here as indicating the inefficiency of the Education Department, and certain influential men are agitating for its reform.

A SURGEON MOBBED.

A young girl 9 years of age was suffering from an affection of the throat. Her mother took her to a Chinese doctor who was supposed to have some knowledge of Western medical science. This man advised an operation, to which the mother consented. The operation was performed, but so unskillfully that the poor child died under it. The mother at once began to cry hysterically and soon a large crowd collected round the surgeon's door. On hearing what had happened the crowd wanted to wreck the doctor's shop, and were only prevented from so doing by the timely arrival of a large force of police who came in haste to the scene on receipt of a telephonic message.

POLICE MATTERS.

The traffic is now so great on the new road that the ordinary police patrols are unable to keep order, and so the Tactai of Constabulary is organising a corps of mounted police who will assist the ordinary constables in their arduous tasks. The police have now their new winter uniforms, which are of black with yellow facings. Each man has his number on his collar in Arabic figures, and most of the men look quite smart. Several of the men have lately cut their queues, and the absence of this appendage makes them look much more business-like.

TYPHOON WARNING.

The telegram quoted below was received by the American Consulate-General, Hongkong, from the Manila Observatory at 9.05 a.m. yesterday:—"Cyclone or typhoon S. of Yap moving W."

SUPREME COURT.

Friday, 24th October

IN SUMMARY JURISDICTION.

BEFORE HIS HONOUR MR. F. A. HAZELAND
(ACTING JUSTICE CLERK).

A SMALL CLAIM.

Miss A. Roza sued Mrs. M. Piggott for \$11.35. Mr. J. H. Gardiner, who appeared for the defendant, asked that the case be adjourned for a week, as a letter had been sent by Mrs. Piggott to Miss Roza agreeing to pay the full amount of the claim. No money had actually been paid yet.

His Lordship—The matter has been settled, has it?

Mr. Gardiner—Not settled, because the money has not been paid, but they are in agreement.

Adjourned for a week.

CAUGHT RED-HANDED.

Shortly after eleven o'clock on Thursday morning, when a woman who lives at 19, Shan-kwan Road, had returned home after a short absence, she saw a man leaving her house with a bundle of clothing. As the intruder was departing her state of speechless astonishment gave place to one of shrill vocal activity. She raised loud cries of "thief," and when the thief took to his heels she followed and continued to shout. The man rushed towards the Bay View Police Station, and when the police appeared on the scene he jumped the wall of that station, climbed on to the roof of a small out-house and from there scaled the glass-crowned wall of the Oil Works. Lowering himself into these works he concealed himself in a store room, where he was subsequently arrested by the police. When captured the thief was badly out with glass. On being charged before Mr. E. R. Hallifax at the Magistracy yesterday the defendant, who was found guilty, was sentenced to three months' imprisonment with hard labour and six hours' stocks.

SPECIAL SERVICES AT THE ROMAN
CATHOLIC CATHEDRAL.

A Solemn Triduum was started yesterday evening at the Cathedral of the Immaculate Conception. It will commence each evening at 5.15 p.m. with the recitation of the Blessed Rosary, followed by a sermon preached by the Very Rev. Father William Arkwright, S.J., (of Macao Seminary), concluding with the benediction of the Holy Sacrament. To-morrow there will be a general communion at 7 o'clock in the morning administered during the solemn low mass to be officiated by His Lordship Bishop Pozzoni in the Chapellet of the Blessed Sacrament. At 8 o'clock a solemn high mass will be officiated on the main altar with sermon at the Gospel, by the same preacher.

The full choir, under the conductorship of the Rev. Christian Brothers, will be in attendance. Mr. O. Baptista as organist.

In the evening, about 5 o'clock, there will be a grand procession round the spacious compound of the Cathedral with the Holy Sacrament borne by the Bishop under the pall supported by six members of the confraternity of the Blessed Sacrament. The Philharmonia Band will play during the Procession and a guard of honour will escort the pall. At the rear the lady members of the Apostleship of Prayer will also join the Procession, each carrying a candle.

After the Procession, the Rev. Fr. Arkwright will preach his last sermon, concluding with a Te Deum and Benediction of the Holy Sacrament.

SHADOWS OF COMING EVENTS.

Coming events cast their shadows before them. Christmas is not far off, and we are reminded of its approach by Raphael Tuck & Son's collection of dainty greetings and souvenirs which has just come to hand. In the plethora of Christmas and New Year cards, calendars, toy books and art novelties connected with the season of goodwill which are here presented, one is overwhelmed with their surprising beauty, original conception and artistic design. No card can be lifted that does not possess some special merit, some particular feature which stamps it as the production of the firm whose domain is Art, and even the connoisseur must find it difficult to make a selection from the innumerable novelties bearing the name of Raphael Tuck & Son.

In Christmas and New Year cards this well-known firm has this year produced a range of no less than 450 entirely new and distinct designs possessing character and beauty. "Autograph Christmas stationery" is responsible for upwards of 300 separate boxes, but the new feature that is likely to catch the popular fancy is the "lucky charm" series. Dainty little charms are attached to specially designed cards, by a silken ribbon, easily removed for use as souvenirs. Other new lines have made their appearance. Their designs are indicated by their titles, such as Renaissance, Georgian Folio, Golden Pastel, Ye Sealed Scroll, Cameo, Goodwill, Wood Grained, Faint Painted, Gold Framed Pastel, Sketch Club, etc. Christmas Post Cards make fresh appeals to the discriminating buyer.

True to their reputation Raphael Tuck & Son have brought together another collection of books and toy books replete with every form of novelty and thought. The dainty miniature volumes, "Crystal Thoughts from the Poets" are certain to prove attractive, while the ever popular "Father Tuck" makes his bow with a new annual more sumptuous than ever. Calendars, beautiful illustrations are presented in great profusion, and art and toy novelties cover a wide range of subjects. What would Christmas be to millions without Raphael Tuck & Son and their many imitators?

HARMSTON'S CIRCUS AND MENAGERIE.

OPENING LAST NIGHT.

Harmston's Circus has returned to Hongkong, bringing many new performers as well as many old favourites who appeared in the ring to execute skilful and thrilling acts. The Circus opened at Causeway Bay last night and attracted a large attendance, whose appreciation of the performance was manifested by frequent applause. The programme opened with a clever equestrian act by Willie Harmston, after which that inimitable mimic, Novella, imitated the bark of a dog or the meow of a cat, and generally translated the language of the animal world with such realistic effect that he was roundly applauded by his hearers. Miss Jennie Harmston-Love's graceful wire-walking exhibition was a turn well worth seeing, while the equestrianism of Mme. Amanda was greatly appreciated. A "good shot" always appeals to the public whether on the rifle range or when stalking game, and as the Sisters Louise and Angelina Vasco registered bull-eyes after bull-eyes in their sharpshooting act, put bullets through the necks of bottles and extinguished lamp after lamp in rapid succession, they provided the "great surprise" which the management foresaw. Clowns Hayes and Shadow, in their comic entries provoked the laugh which doth good as a medicine, and then Professor John Rongal introduced his family of well-educated bears, who waited to music and did other clever things which they could have only accomplished after months of painstaking care by their trainer. Needless to say, Mr. Rongal and his wild animals found favour with the spectators. The Weitzmann Troupe gave a thrilling gymnastic display, swinging from trapeze to trapeze in mid-air, and compassing blindfolded feats, the daring of which made the spectator shudder. This was followed by the novel and clever performance of Piccolo and Fiori, the Continental comedians, who are stated in the advertisements to have entertained His late Majesty King Edward and Queen Alexandra at Buckingham Palace. Their performance is an exceptionally clever one, especially the part in which Piccolo appears in the arena with what appears to be a dummy, and after twisting the supposed man of straw into all shapes he unmake him, and there, full of life and bowing to the wondering spectators, stands Fiori. An amusing trio is followed by the appearance of the Brothers Kavanagh, whose clever juggling tricks we have before mentioned. Their performance last night was new, but needless to say it was as skilful as heretofore. Rudist, the tramp cyclist, was a wonder on the wheel, while the thrilling tiger act with which the performance concluded earned the intrapud trainee. Mr. Rongal, an ovation of which he may feel justly proud. Piccolo, the famous clown of the children of the Colony delighted to honour, and whose drollery will not be forgotten by many of mature years, is no longer with the circus, but his place has been filled by one equally funny and clever. Shadow is his name, and judging by the laughter which followed on his numerous humorous sallies, his reputation is assured.

There will be a matinee performance this afternoon, beginning at four o'clock, the usual performance this evening, and a special performance on Sunday night.

NICOLA THE MAGICIAN.

Hongkong had not ceased to discuss Nicola's marvellous performances when the news came that the Prince of Magic would make another appearance in the Colony with a complete change of programme. His previous performances were sufficiently varied and perplexing. What fresh mystery had he to present? This question was answered last night. Among the new features were Zoki, the marvellous hypnotic miracle of strength, the wonderful floating ball, the Chinese torture cage, and human dice, and needless to say the audience enjoyed the illusions. They were neat, clever, and artistic. Nadolny, too, is a man to be seen to be appreciated. His work on the stage is absolutely unique, and he is certain to prove a prime favourite wherever he goes. The piece de resistance was, of course, Nicola's handkerchief act. At 1.30 to-day Nicola gives a free public performance, jumping into the water from a height of 25ft. at the V.I.C., releasing himself from his handcuffs and shackles during the drop. At night he again occupies the stage at the Theatre.

THE METRIC SYSTEM FOR CHINA.

Mr. Howard Richards, jun., of New York City, who has been interesting the community of Shanghai recently in the relation of the weights and measures of China to the International Metric System, is at present in Hongkong on a short visit. Mr. Richards is not interested in any official capacity, but has been a close student of the subject for some years and is persuaded that it would be to the advantage of Great Britain and the United States to adopt the metric system in trading with China. Mr. Richards would welcome a discussion of the subject if a meeting of commercial men and others interested in the question can be arranged.

INTERPORT RIFLE SHOOTING.

The interport rifle shooting match, which was to have taken place this afternoon, has been postponed owing to a change being made in the target at 500 yards, but members of the team are requested to present themselves for practice at 2.30 to-day.

LOCAL SPORT.

FIXTURES AT A GLANCE.

League Cricket.
H.K.C.C. v. Remnants,
Cricket Ground.
Craigengower v. R.E. and Departmentals,
C.C.C. Ground, at 2 p.m.
Kowloon v. Police,
King's Park.
TEAMS.
R.E.—Col. Staepole, Major Hunter, Capt. Addison, Capt. Bell, Lieut. Williams, Rev. Foster, Pegg, Q. M. S. Davis, Corpl. McGregor, Corpl. Campion, Corpl. Tavernier and Corpl. Osman.
Craigengower.—L. E. Lammert (Capt.), H. H. Taylor, W. H. Vivash, J. D. Norris, J. V. Braga, E. L. Braga, E. A. Carvalho, L. A. Rose, R. Pestonji, P. Currie and R. Basa.
Kowloon.—Major E. R. Chitty, J. P. Robinson, A. O. Brown, J. H. Mead, W. Curwen, W. L. Wanser, Lt. E. H. Haughton, A. R. F. Raven, F. Sutton, F. J. de Roma, Lt. G. Durbury. Reserves: L. E. Brett and D. J. McKensie.
Police.—Kolly, Woodcock, Wolhouse, Lang, ley, McFarly, Kerr, Kent, Hoggarth, True, Pitt and McLennan. Reserves—Bell and Clark.
League Football.
H.K.F.C. v. R.G.A.,
Club Ground.
Naval Yard v. R.E.,
Naval Ground.
Buffs v. Kowloon,
Military Ground.

HONGKONG VOLUNTEER CORPS.

Preparations for the annual camp to be held near Customs Pass in the New Territories from November 5th to the 14th are well under way, and the programme of work arranged for that period indicates that the time under canvas will be no picnic. The Volunteers will parade at Blake Pier on Saturday, 5th prox., in marching order and will be conveyed by launch to Customs jolly, whence they will proceed to the encampment. It is interesting to note that Sunday will not be the usual blank day, but work will be carried on that day much the same as others. The dates on which the Corps will be inspected by H. E. the Governor and H. E. the General Officer Commanding are not yet fixed.

The Y.M.C.A. will again provide a tent and offer the usual privileges to Volunteers, such as magazines, games, writing material, and a messenger service to Hongkong.

HONGKONG SHARE MARKET.

Messrs. Vernon & Smyth in their weekly share report dated October 28th state:—General business has continued to prevail in our market during the past week, and there is again but little business to report upon either in local stocks or "rubbers." The London Rubber share market has ruled quiet but fairly steady throughout the period under review. Fine Hard Para Rubber has declined to 5/11 per lb., the last wired rate per Roulter, the tone at the close being a "weak." The Bank of England rate of discount remains at 5 per cent., but there is a further advance in the open market rate, which is now quoted at 4 1/2 per cent. Bar Silver closes somewhat lower on the spot at 25 1/2 p. oz., and Sterling T. T. at 110 1/2. Shanghai T. T. is quoted at 74 and the bank's buying rate for 3 days bills at 74 1/2.

BANKS.—Hongkong and Shanghai have further receded, and are now obtainable to a small extent at 890. The London rate is unchanged at £86 10/10. Nationals can be placed at 891.

MARINE INSURANCES.—Unions are quieter, and shares are obtainable at 8940. China Traders, North China, Yangtze, and Cantons are all unchanged at last quotations, and without local business.

FIRE INSURANCES.—China have again been booked at \$115, and Hongkongs at \$350, the former closing with buyers.

SHIPPING.—Hongkong Canton and Macao have been sold at \$514 and more shares are required at \$515. The market is fairly active with probable buyers at \$53 for the Deferred and Preferred combined. China and Manila are easier with sales and sellers at \$9, and Douglases also at the reduced rate of \$21. Star Ferries are firmer with probable buyers of the old issue at \$23 and the new at \$10. Shell Transports are quiet with probable sellers at \$1/6.

REFINERIES.—China Sugars have not been dealt in, and the quotation remains at \$145. Sellers, though a lower cash offer would probably be accepted. Unions have formed up considerably, and with no sales to report could probably be placed at \$18.

MINING.—Bauba are weaker with probable sellers at \$64. Chinese Engineering are firmer in the North at \$15 buyers. Charbonnages are unchanged at \$720.

DOCKS, WHARVES, AND GODOWNS.—Hongkong & Whampoa Docks are required for at \$46, and Hongkong & Kowloon Wharves at \$55. The market is fairly active with probable buyers at \$55 for the Deferred and Preferred combined. China and Manila are easier with sales and sellers at \$9, and Douglases also at the reduced rate of \$21. Star Ferries are firmer with probable buyers of the old issue at \$23 and the new at \$10. Shell Transports are quiet with probable sellers at \$1/6.

LANDS, HOTELS AND BUILDINGS.—Hongkong Lands can be placed at \$98, and Kowloon Lands at the improved rate of \$33. West Points are obtainable at \$39, and Humphrey's Estates at the reduced rate of \$7. Hotels are procurable at \$90 (old) and \$71 (new) Shanghai Land have been booked in the North at \$110.

COTTON MILLS.—Hongkongs are wanted at \$33, but for the present no shares are available. In the North, Soycoles are procurable at \$15, 250, Eves at \$15, Internationals at \$15, and Leow King Mows at \$15.

MISCELLANEOUS.—China Providents have sold at \$8, Dairy Farms at \$17, and Watson's at \$5. Camels have also been booked at \$4 down to \$3, the market closing with probable sellers at the lower quotation. Langkats have been booked in the North at \$15, 940 and \$15, 950 and at the close there are buyers at the higher rate.

RUNNERS.—Quotations to hand by wire from London this morning are as follows:—
Highlands and Lowlands ... 102/6
Ladburies ... 72/6
London Asiatics ... 12/6
London Ventures ... 12/6
United Serdangs ... 4/9
Batu Tigas ... 92/6
Sapongs ... 27/6
Linggis ... 43/.

Eastern and International Trusts 12/ p.m. (All middle prices.)

THE REVOLUTION IN PORTUGAL.

THE MANIFESTO TO THE PEOPLE.

The following proclamation was distributed in the capital:—

People of Portugal.—The people, the Army, and the Navy have proclaimed the Republic. The dynasty of the Braganzas, maleficent and wilful disturbers of the social peace, has been for ever proscribed from Portugal.

This rare and notable event, the expression of the pride of an indomitable race and the redemption of a country the bravery of which has rendered it legendary, fills with joy and enthusiasm the hearts of patriots.

This day puts an end finally to the slavery of this country, and the beneficent aspiration of a regime of liberty rises luminous in its virgin essence.

Citizens, the passing moment repays and recompenses us for all the struggle, all the pitiful conditions from which we have suffered. Let this moment be the beginning of an epoch of austere morality and of immaculate justice.

Let us in glorious communion of principles make our sacrifice for our country the basis of our political programme, and let generosity towards the conquered be the basis of our moral programme.

Citizens, let one interest alone—the interest of the Fatherland—animate you, and let one desire—the desire to be great—unite us. The Republic trusts the people to maintain social order, to respect justice, and to devote themselves to the common cause of liberty.

Consolidate with love and sacrifice the work which arises from the Portuguese Republic.

THE MOTTO OF THE REPUBLIC.

Senhor Eusebio Leao, the Civil Governor of Lisbon, issued and ordered to be disseminated the following Edict addressed to the people:—

"Order and work" that is the motto of the Fatherland liberated by the Republic. We ask the citizens of Lisbon to be the first to maintain public tranquillity and respect for the persons and property of foreigners, and respect for the persons and property of Portuguese, whatever be their position, profession, and political or religious opinions.

AN APPEAL TO THE TROOPS.

Senhor Braga, President of the Provisional Government, issued the following manifesto to the Army and Navy:—

"The Provisional Government of the Portuguese Republic salutes the troops by land and sea, who, in co-operation with the people, have established the Republic to the happiness of the Fatherland. It confides in the patriotism of all. The Republic is for the whole people, and the Government therefore hopes that the officers of the Army and Navy who have not taken part in the revolutionary movement will present themselves at headquarters to guarantee the most absolute loyalty to the new Administration. In the meantime, the revolutionists must retain all their positions for the defence and consolidation of the Republic. General Carvalhosa is appointed Commandant of the Lisbon Division."

THE LEADING SPIRITS IN THE NEW GOVERNMENT.

A correspondent of the Times contributes the following notes on the members of the new Government:—

Of the new Ministers the best-known at home and abroad is Dr. Bernardino Machado, Minister of Foreign Affairs. He is also the only one who has experienced the burdens of office. He is called "the early" minister from his Chair of Philosophy at Coimbra to the Ministry of Public Works, and thus served for a short time as a Rotativist Minister of Dom Carlos. But his refusal to sanction certain alterations at one of the Royal palaces at the public expense made his position difficult. Other difficulties supervened, and after a few months he resigned office, and with it the hope that the Monarchical principle as interpreted in Portugal could ever be reconciled with either reform or reform.

He returned to his professional chair at Coimbra, which he occupied till 1907, when his espousal of the cause of certain undergraduates in conflict with the Church made this position also untenable for him. Since then he has devoted himself wholeheartedly in and out of season to the Republican cause.

He is well equipped for the part. An alert, spare little man of about 60, of cordial though dignified manner, scrupulously neat dress, he impresses you after a few minutes of conversation as a man of the world of refined and scholarly tastes and all-embracing sympathies. He speaks French fluently. He reads, though he does not speak, English, and will descend enthusiastically upon Mr. Gladstone and other champions of Victorian Liberalism. But should the conversation turn upon Portuguese politics his large dark eyes, mild and gentle at other times, assume a hard and dangerous glitter, revealing the fact that this man is no dilettante, that he has a distinct and steadfast purpose in life, one which may cost him many a pain to realize. He has long been convinced that nothing is to be hoped for from the Monarchy.

"Qu'est-ce que vous voulez? Nous sommes gouvernés par la femme et par un enfant. C'est à dire par des étres passionnés!"

But Dr. Machado always urged that the change to a Republic should be peaceful and Constitutional. He rejected the violent method—unless these should prove to be necessary. It is interesting to recall that, although Dr. Machado led the outcry last year against the Anglo-Portuguese Mozambique agreement, he has always professed English sympathies; but he, in common with his colleagues, insists very strongly that the alliance between the two countries should be national and not merely dynastic.

Dr. Machado, blessed with a comfortable fortune, a numerous and happy family, and a modest house in one of the pleasantest quarters in Lisbon, is none the less anything but an armchair politician. His lectures and pamphlets are widely disseminated. A fluent and sympathetic speaker, he is known on all the hustings from Lagos in the south to Braganza in the north, and if the Republican Party possesses to-day what every other party lacks—a practical organization—it is largely due to his efforts. His services to the party also take the form of a real sympathy with the poor and needy. To a keen sense of the political value of such sympathy when properly expressed; and in his walks abroad he expresses it indefatigably, sometimes with a kind inquiry or word of encouragement, sometimes in more tangible form. The result is conspicuous enough. In the summer of last year after the earthquake he visited the stricken villages of the Alentejo. The visit was most successful, quite undesignated, a few days after that of the King's appearance in public and he had been well received. In each village that we entered our car was quickly surrounded by a respectful but promiscuous group of people eager to shake him by the hand; and in the concentration

Camp he was welcomed with open arms. We lunched in the kitchen of a peasant, a fine-looking man with a numerous family, possibly illiterate, but none the less staunchly Republican for that. "This is one of my secretaries," said he, patting the eldest daughter, a smiling, good-looking girl affectionately on the head. "It is not a bad plan," he added, with a smile, "to get nice-looking girls as secretaries of our local committees."

A stroll with Dr. Machado through the streets of Lisbon on a summer's evening is an interesting though somewhat jerky experience. Every 10 yards he must return a salute or stop to shake hands, or discuss a question of the day.

Dr. Machado's independent position, his wide sympathies, and his ingenious methods of propaganda have contributed to make him the chief educative and attractive force in the Republican Party of recent years. He has passed as the restraining influence of the party; but despite his patriarchal manner and reassuring exterior, the Monarchy has had no more deadly foe.

SENHOR COSTA.

Senhor Affonso Costa, the New Minister of Justice, exemplifies the opposite type of Republican leader. A tough-fibred man in the prime of life, full of ambition and nervous energy, he has hitherto been known as a successful barrister and an uncompromising advocate of armed revolution. He was indeed one of the ringleaders of the abortive rising of January, 1908, when he was caught red-handed and imprisoned. None the less, a few weeks after the assassination of Dom Carlos he was expounding the programme of the Republican Party in the Chamber at great length, in a speech which was re-endorsed by the party only a year ago. Since then he and his small though vociferous band of followers in the Chamber, rarely by criticism, more often by obstruction, have been the chief factors in the downfall of the five or six ill-fated Governments which have successively held office since the tragedy of February 1. Once at least he has been enabled by the fortunes of war to take a stand upon principle. When last summer the Government of S. Venceslao de Lima proposed to deal with the vexed question of unauthorized grants from the Treasury by settling that part of it which concerned the Royal House, while relegating the more invidious part concerning private individuals to a more convenient, if more uncertain, date, Senhor Costa exposed the inequity of the intention and blocked the motion. Senhor Costa has a sanguine and Southern temperament, and will no doubt bring to the new Government debating power and a spirit of enterprise. Whether he possesses gifts of statesmanship or even a sense of discipline we have as yet no means of knowing.

THE PRESIDENT.

Senhor Theophilus Braga owes his office to the qualities and attainments which formerly gave him the Presidency of the Academy of Sciences, and later that of the Republican Congress. He is a man not only of great erudition and command of language, but of lofty and far-reaching ideals. Not long ago in conversation with the writer he described at great length, with tears in his eyes and in a voice choking with emotion, the hopes and distress in which his fellow-countrymen were living and a burning desire for his amelioration. He explained his immediate political ideal for the Peninsula as a federation of four or five Republics, of which Portugal, together with Galicia, should form one. Dr. Braga's ideals are still drawn largely from the literature of the French Revolution, and the thoroughness with which he follows them to their logical conclusion has earned him in some quarters the name of visionary and Utopian.

His criticism and the generosity of his motives are above suspicion, but he is no longer young, and the task he has assumed would tax the powers of a man of greater physique, nervous energy, and experience of affairs than Dr. Braga can pretend to.

Such are the leaders of the revolution. There are many others like them, men of high academic attainments, wide sympathies, and generous impulses, but without experience of affairs or of public responsibility. They have apparently captured the fortress of idealism, and will they be able to hold it? Will they justify their leadership to their supporters to the shopkeepers, the professional, and the wage-earning classes, whose growing discontent with the conditions of life in Portugal have long since resulted in an undignified divorce between the Monarchy and the nation? There are silent masses of people in Portugal who are to-day thinking unwillingly with the tradition of a thousand years, who are still full of admiration for Queen Amalia and of loyalty to her son, but who think that their fair country deserves a better lot than that which a long series of Monarchical Governments have provided for it—a Legislature hopelessly misrepresentative of public opinion and deaf to public requirements, a complete stagnation of public business, and a constantly recurring deficit averaging a million sterling a year. If the new Government can show even the beginnings of an improvement in these respects it will have justified itself in the eyes of the nation.

STRANGE CHINESE MISSION.

BRITISH CAPITAL WANTED TO FINANCE AMERICAN INFLUENCE.

We are indebted, says Commercial Intelligence, for the following intelligence to a well-informed correspondent in China:—

"H.E. Liang Tan left for Europe by Siberia on September 5, and the object of his mission was to obtain a loan of £500,000. He has been stated that he was making arrangements to engage in 'commercial enterprises.' It now leaks out that these 'commercial enterprises' will take the form of a China-American Bank, with a capital of 100,000,000 taels, which amount is to be raised in Europe by his Excellency. For some time past America has been making a bold bid for commercial supremacy in China, as shown by the Knox proposal, the Chinkow-Algun Railway scheme, etc. The proposed bank is another attempt in the same direction. While the capital of the institution will be ostensibly Chinese, the management is to be American, and there is an idea that this bank will eventually take over and control the finances of China, thus forestalling any proposal on the part of the Powers to re-organize China's finances. It is also believed that the question of the loans for the Canton-Hankow and Hankow-Szechuen Railways will be held in abeyance until it is seen whether H.E. Liang succeeds in raising the necessary money in Europe or not. Should he succeed the loan agreement will not be carried through, and the money for the railways will be found by the bank. The colossal impudence of getting European financiers to advance money to enable America to control the finances and commerce of China does not appear to have occurred to the Chinese officials."

"We are aware that a gentleman (an Englishman, we believe), who had been approached by Chinese Ministers with a view to the reorganization of the national finances, arrived in London some time ago, with a view to interesting British capitalists in the matter."

SHANGHAI RUBBER PROBLEM.

In spite of all that has been said of Shanghai rubber companies, says the N.C. Daily News, it is by no means certain that the worst has yet been heard. Three companies have had to admit publicly to more or less serious discrepancies between the statements made in the prospectuses and the actual conditions of the estates. Others may be expected to come forward with similar admissions, for the Straits Times, which must be credited with a sense of its responsibility in making such a statement, announces that "the information which has reached us has compelled the conclusion that certain valuations made for Shanghai were pure swindles, and that the persons who made them should be in penal servitude." This journal instances two estates, in one of which for the purposes, presumably, of a prospectus "raw stumps were stuck into the ground and described as one year rubber," while in the case of the other the manager, "a good and honest man," found on his arrival at the property "that there was less than half the acreage under rubber which had been represented, and what there was possessed little value." In all the circumstances it is not to be wondered at that a general sense of insecurity obtains among shareholders, quite apart from the slump in market quotations. A large number of purchasers of rubber shares were actuated by the reflection that, whether prices rose or not, they were making a sound investment. These people still have their shares, and in most cases can afford, on the strength of the company's published prospectus, to regard the present prices of their stock with equanimity, not untinged with sympathy for those who are forced to sell. Such confidence, however, is not altogether proof against the statements made in the Straits Times and the fact of one company after another having to admit that its property is by no means as satisfactory as had been previously represented. There can be only one method of restoring public confidence, and that is by a revaluation of all the "first year" companies, both for the benefit of present holders of shares and for the encouragement of prospective purchasers. Under existing conditions there must be a tendency on the part of those who have money for investment to stay their hand, for fear that even at the attractive prices at which they are now obtaining the shares of one company or another, when the truth about them is known, may prove a disastrous investment.

These suggestions are now before the public for the purpose of dealing with Shanghai's rubber problem. The first was propounded in our columns by Mr. E. S. Little, who suggested revaluation of all properties by carefully selected experts with a view to subsequent amalgamation of companies in order to save management and agents' expenses. There can be no reason why such a scheme should not effect for our rubber companies what Cecil Rhodes' amalgamations did for the Kimberley diamond industry. The difficulties in the path, however, are great and can only be overcome by unflinching effort on the part of those who are prepared to devote themselves entirely to the object in view. A second suggestion has been put forward for establishing a general Estates Management company in Singapore or Penang to combine in one body the management and agencies of Shanghai companies. The latter would hold all the stock and their representatives would form the Board. By means of this company it is argued that Shanghai will be directly represented in the rubber area, and much of the money now being paid out to agents in Singapore and elsewhere would return to this port. Of this scheme it has to be said that, whatever its intrinsic merits, it makes no attempt to deal with that part of the problem which is uppermost in men's minds at the present moment. There remains the proposal put forward this morning in our columns by a pseudonymous correspondent. The writer, who prefers to conceal his identity under the name of "A Practical," points out that for the indispensable effort on the part of those who are prepared to devote themselves entirely to the object in view. A second suggestion has been put forward for establishing a general Estates Management company in Singapore or Penang to combine in one body the management and agencies of Shanghai companies. The latter would hold all the stock and their representatives would form the Board. 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NOTICE.

Communications respecting Advertisements, Subscriptions, Printing, Binding, &c., should be addressed DAILY PRESS only, and special business matter THE MANAGER. Advertisements and Subscriptions which are not ordered for a fixed period will be continued until countermanded. Orders for extra copies of DAILY PRESS should be sent in before 11 a.m. on day of publication. After that hour the supply is limited. Only supplied for Cash. P.O. Box 33. Telephone No. 12. Telegraphic Address: P. Press Odes: A.B.C. 8th Ed. Lieber's.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

"WITH DOG AND GUN IN THE NEW TERRITORY."

BEING the Series of Articles recently contributed to the "HONGKONG DAILY PRESS" by "Sportsman," reproduced in book form.

PRICE ONE DOLLAR. Hongkong, 29th October, 1910. [1229]

THE HONGKONG WEEKLY PRESS & CHINA OVERLAND TRADE REPORT is now ready, and contains:

Leading Articles:
China Parliament.
Death of the King of Siam.
The Japanese Tariff.
The Patriotic Movement in China.
Payment of M.P.S.
Random Reflections.
Hongkong News.
Wedding in Hongkong.
Arrival of Maj.-Gen. C. A. Anderson, the Dow G.O.C.
With Dog and Gun in the New Territory.
Canton News.
Bridal party in the Canton District.
Chinese Bank Failures.
Hongkong Sanitary Board.
Departure of the "Rohilla."
Order for a "Tomb" at the Cemetery.
A Dishonest Postal Clerk.
Dumping a Dead Body.
American Commercial Commissioners.
Schoolboy Charged with Assault.
Football Champions of China.
Philippines Legislative Assembly.
After Fifty Years.
A Japanese Criminal Case.
German Stroker Arrested on Board the "York."
Sporting Notes.
Interpret Rifle Shooting.
The First Japanese Drednought.
Supreme Court.
Death of King of Siam.
Hongkong Legislative Council.
Education in China.
Far Eastern Telegrams.
An Extradition Case.
The Straits Loan.
Commercial.
Shipping.

Extra copies 30 cents each, Cash.
Copies can be posted from this Office to addresses sent; including postage 34 cents each.
\$1 Cash for three copies.
Subscription: \$12 per annum, payable in advance, postage 32.
Hongkong, 29th October, 1910.

MINISTERING CHILDREN'S LEAGUE.

UNDER THE PATRONAGE OF HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR.

A BAZAAR AND FANCY FETE will be held in the VOLUNTEER PARADE GROUND (by kind permission of the Commandant and Officers, Hongkong Volunteers), TO-DAY (SATURDAY), Oct. 29th, from 2.30 to 6.30 P.M. 4 P.M. CHILDREN'S PLAY.

Proceeds to be divided amongst various local charities for Children, and the Hongkong Cot in the M. C. L. Home at Otterclaw, Surrey. If wet, the Bazaar will be held in the Volunteer Drill Hall.

NO CHITS TAKEN. Hongkong, 24th October, 1910. [1202]

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

WE have This Day REMOVED our Offices to No. 8, DES VOEUX ROAD CENTRAL, 2nd floor (corner of Lee House St) WEASER & RAYEN, Architects and Surveyors. Hongkong, 1st October, 1910. [1134]

JUST UNPACKED.

A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT of the following Latest Novelties:
Up-to-DATE STYLES.
The "Setwell" Hair Rolls, Hair Frizzettes.

The Improved "Coiffetta," Hair Rolls.
The "Urbanette," Latest Parisian Flexible Hair Forms.
Indispensable to the Present Style of Hair-Dressing.

HOOSAIN-ALI & Co.,

No. 34, Queen's Road Central. Hongkong, 15th October, 1910. [707]

CHEESE
CHEESE
CHOICE
CANADIAN STILTON.

60 Cents Per lb.

THE

FARM CO., LTD.

ENTERTAINMENT

RETURN ENGAGEMENT

OF

THE GREAT

NICOLA

THE MYSTIFIER.

ONE NIGHT ONLY.

TO-NIGHT

ENTIRE CHANGE OF

PROGRAMME.

Tickets at ROBINSON PIANO Co.

MATINEE:

TO-DAY (SATURDAY),

29TH OCTOBER.

Hongkong, 24th October, 1910. [1203]

NOTICE OF FIRM

SUN SHING.

THE BUSINESS of the SUN SHING is now being carried on in co-partnership by the undersigned at the usual address, No. 90, Queen's Road Central, Victoria, Hongkong, and Mr. LEUNG WING PO has been Appointed MANAGER.

The Public are respectfully solicited to continue their patronage and confidence, and their Orders will be carefully and promptly carried out.

NG HON CHI,
TSE YUM CHI,
SUM PAK MING,
FUNG HEUNG CHUN,
CHAN SING HO,
CHEUNG YUNG CHAU,
CHEUNG MAN HING,
CHAN TSE MUT,
LEUNG HOK LAU.

Hongkong, 11th October, 1910. [1165]

FOR SALE

FOR SALE.

REMAINING Portions of MARINE LOTS 31 and 36, at PRAYA EAST. Approximate Area, 43,000 Square Feet.

TO BE LET OR SOLD IN LOTS TO SUIT TENANTS OR PURCHASERS.

MARINE LOT No. 285

EXTENSIVE WATER

FRONTAGE, DEEP WATER.

Apply—G. FENWICK & Co., Ltd.,

ENGINEERS, &c.,

PRAYA EAST, HONGKONG.

Hongkong, 8th June, 1906. [84-168]

ON SALE.

HONGKONG HANSARD REPORTS of the MEETINGS of the LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL for the Session 1909.

REVISED BY THE MEMBERS.

PRICE - - - \$3.

DAILY PRESS OFFICE.

Hongkong, 21st February, 1910. [316]

BEKANNTMACHUNG.

DIE amtlichen Bekanntmachungen des Kaiserlich Deutschen Konsulats in Canton werden während des Jahres 1910 im OBTASIATISCHEN LLOYD der CANTON WEEKLY NEWS und nach Bedarf auch in der HONGKONG DAILY PRESS veröffentlicht werden.

KAISERLICH DEUTSCHES KONSULAT.

Canton, den 15. Dezember, 1909. [1544]

BEKANNTMACHUNG.

DIE Bekanntmachungen aus dem diesseitigen Handelsregister, sowie andere gesetzlich vorgeschriebene Veröffentlichungen werden im Jahre 1910 durch den

"OSTASIATISCHEN LLOYD"

und die

"HONGKONG DAILY PRESS"

erfolgen.

KAISERLICH DEUTSCHES KONSULAT.

Swatow, den 16. Dezember 1909. [1537]

BEKANNTMACHUNG.

DIE amtlichen Veröffentlichungen des Konsulats Pakhoi-Hohow werden im Jahr 1910 durch den

"OSTASIATISCHEN LLOYD"

und die

"HONGKONG DAILY PRESS"

erfolgen.

KAISERLICH DEUTSCHES KONSULAT.

Pakhoi, den 24. Dezember 1909. [1563]

ENTERTAINMENT

HARMSTON'S
GRAND CIRCUS
AND ROYAL MENAGERIE OF PERFORMING WILD ANIMALS
GRAND MATINEE: TO-DAY AT 4 P.M.
AND AGAIN
TO-NIGHT! TO-NIGHT!!
AT 9 P.M.

Location: CAUSEWAY BAY.

OUR NEW ALL STAR COMPANY OF LONDON AND CONTINENTAL ARTISTES
30 IN NUMBER 30
JOHN ROUGALS

Most up-to-date Animal Act in the World.

FIVE FULLY GROWN TIGERS

Performing in a Large Cage erected in the Circus arena.

THE BROTHERS KAVANAGH,

AUSTRALIA'S PREMIER SOCIETY JUGGLERS.

THE WEITZMANN TROUPE

(5 in Number)

Gymnasts, Equestrians and Acrobats.

THE TRIO FROLIC

Two Ladies and One Gentleman.

THE SISTERS LOUISE AND ANGELINA VASCA

In their great Surprise Sharpshooting Act Using Winchester Repeating Rifles and Pistols.

PICCOLO AND FIORI (CONTINENTAL COMEDIANS)

With their Canine Wonders, who appeared before the King and Queen at Buckingham Palace.

ALSO THE FUNNY DUMMY AGOUSTE "SHADOW"

Who Performs throughout the Whole Programme.

RUDSIT, TRAMP CYCLIST.

MISS JESSIE BOWER,

Song and Dance Artist.

AND THE CHAMPION ALL ROUND DUO.

JENNIE & WILLIE HARMSTON-LOVE.

OUR STUPE OF PERFORMING HORSES AND PONIES TRAINED AND INTRODUCED BY

ALFRED RYAN.

OUR BEAUTIFUL ARAB STALLIONS.

KANGAROO, EMU, AFRICAN BABOON, DOGS, MONKEYS, etc.

Booking for Boxes and First Class Chairs at Robinson Piano Co.

TO-DAY (SATURDAY) AFTERNOON, OCT. 29TH.

A SPECIAL PERFORMANCE ON SUNDAY EVENING AT 9.

Doors Open at 5 o'clock. Performance at 4 P.M. sharp. Children Half-Price at Matinee only.

N.B.—Special Trains will Run before and after the Performance.

PRICES OF ADMISSION:

Full Box 6 Chairs ... \$15.00
Single Seat (Box) ... 3.00
Chairs ... 2.00
Soldiers and Sailors in uniform Half-Price to the \$1 and \$2 Seats.

Booking at ROBINSON PIANO Co.

MADAME HARMSTON-LOVE ... Proprietress.

COL. BOB-LOVE ... Manager.

E. ALTON ... Agents.

W. H. BLOWNE ... Agents.

Hongkong, 12th October, 1910. [1207]

TO LET

TO LET.

NOS. 19 and 23, SHILLEY STREET, new 5-Roomed Houses.
1 HOUSE in Bellin Terrace.
OFFICE in BEACONSFIELD ARCADE (Shop).
C. M. S. PEAK BUNGALOW, MOUNT KELLET, Furnished, for 7 months from 1st November, 1910.

No. 57, PRAYA GRANDE, Macao.

FOR SALE.—Tux Crest, at Peak, commanding a Magnificent View of the Harbour and Adjacent Islands.

WANTED.—A Small Furnished House, 4 to 6 Rooms, for a few months from about November, 1910, about Robinson Road level for choice.

Apply to—Linstead & Davis,

3rd Floor, Alexander Buildings.

Hongkong, 22nd October, 1910. [91]

TO LET.

TO LET.

GODOWN, No. 5A, DUDELL STREET.

Apply to—THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY CO., LD.

Hongkong, 1st October, 1910. [88]

TO LET.

TO LET.

IN No. 5, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL, Victoria Building, ROOMS suitable for Offices.

One GODOWN in MASON'S LANE.

Apply to—DAVID SASSOON & Co., Ltd.

Hongkong, 8th March, 1910. [95]

TO LET.

TO LET.

KING'S BUILDINGS.

OFFICES facing the Harbour lately in occupation of Messrs. JARDINE, Matheson & Co., Ltd.

Apply to—THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY CO., LD.

Hongkong, 1st October, 1910. [89]

TO BE LET.

TO BE LET.

No. 19, ROBINSON ROAD, with Entrance also on CONDUIT ROAD, a desirable residence, 5 ROOMS, with garden attached, well situated.

Apply to—Messrs. J. M. ALVES & Co.

Hongkong, 22nd October, 1910. [1201]

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IN SHAMSHIN, BRITISH CONCESSION, CANTON.

A SIX-ROOM HOUSE, situated in Central Avenue, suitable for Office and Residence.

For Sale Two valuable Ground Lots, Middle Avenue.

For Particulars, apply to—HERBERT DENT & Co.

Canton, 22nd September, 1910. [1106]

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"HOMEVILLE" 153, WANCHAI ROAD, TEN ROOMS. Good View of Harbour.

Apply to—ARRATON V. APCAR & Co.,

14, Des Voeux Road Central.

Hongkong, 24th September, 1910. [1124]

TO LET

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SELF-Contained FLATS, NATHAN ROAD, Kowloon, with Gas, Electric Light and Telephone in each Flat.
Apply to—J. HENNESSEY SEH,
No. 8, Des Voeux Road Central.
Hongkong, 1st October, 1910. [795]

TO LET.

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No. 21, CONDUIT ROAD, Clifton Gardens.
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GODOWN, 151 to 155, PRAYA EAST, OFFICES No. 2, Connaught Road, 3rd Floor.

A HOUSE in Wong Nei Chong Road, 1st floor, in YORK BUILDING.

No. 10, DES VOEUX ROAD CENTRAL, 1st floor.

SEMI-EUROPEAN FLATS, Praya East, corner of Observation Place. The Trams stop at the door.

Also NEW EUROPEAN FLATS, adjoining the new Seaman's Institute, Praya East.

Apply to—THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY CO., LD.

Hongkong, 1st October, 1910. [87]

TO LET.

TO LET.

GODOWN, No. 4, New Praya, Kennedy Town.

Apply to—THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY CO., LD.

Hongkong, 1st October, 1910. [994]

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MODERATE RENTAL.

HOUSES in Observatory Villa (5 Rooms), Kowloon. Electric and Gas laid on, Tennis Court.

Apply to—ARRATON V. APCAR & Co.,

14, Des Voeux Road, Central, 1st Floor.

Hongkong, 28th July, 1910. [876]

TO LET.

TO LET.

OFFICES, Hotel Mansions, 1st Floor.

Apply to—HENRY HUMPHREYS,

Alexandra Buildings.

Hongkong, 2nd February, 1910. [151]

TO LET.

TO LET.

NEW and COMMODIOUS SHOPS, Nathan Road, Kowloon. Immediate Possession. Cheap Rentals.

Apply to—

HUMPHREYS ESTATE & FINANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

Hongkong, 1st December, 1909. [790]

BANKS

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

PAID-UP CAPITAL ... \$15,000,000

RESERVE FUNDS—

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SILVER ... \$16,000,000

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On Current Account at the rate of Two per cent. per annum on the daily balance.

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N. J. STABE, Acting Chief Manager.

Hongkong, 29th September, 1910. [18]

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[905-5]

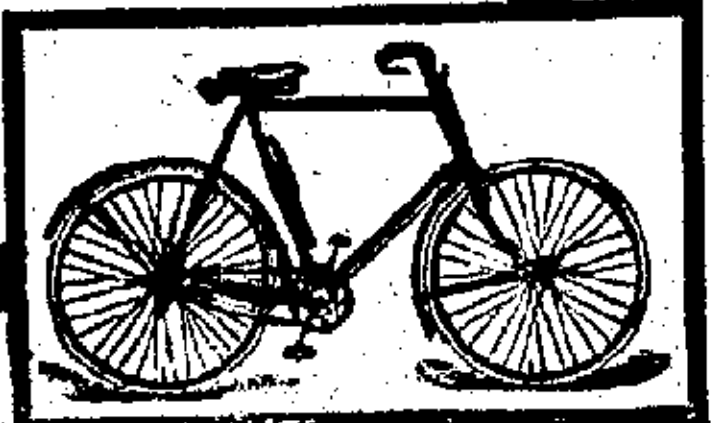
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A complete Easy-running Cycle, best fittings and finish, with all accessories, built to stand all climatic conditions and hard wear. At the reasonable price of

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EVERY MACHINE GUARANTEED.
Write for Catalogue and List.

Hazlewood CYCLES FOR YOUNG AND OLD.
Few outdoor enjoyments afford the beneficial excitement and invigoration that cycling gives. The Hazlewood, from £85 upwards, is the means to this end. Ask to see these celebrated cycles at all first-class stores and agencies.

AGENCIES.—We shall be pleased to grant representation rights to firms able to handle our goods in quantities. Applications to be addressed to our works. Orders placed through regular merchant agents.



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WE are the largest Dealers in the world in these attractive securities.
WHAT ARE THESE BONDS?

They are high-class and absolutely safe securities, payable to bearer, issued by the various Governments and Municipalities of Europe; they are redeemable at periodical drawings, either with Cash Premiums varying from £40 to £40,000, or, at the very least, at their full nominal value.

EASY PAYMENTS.

We sell these Bonds singly or in combinations of the most advantageous ones, payable by convenient Monthly Instalments ranging from 15s. to £20.

Write for Handbook, sent post free.

MELVILLE, GLYN & Co., Bankers, 3, Rue de la Bourse, PARIS (France). [886]

AN EIGHTEENTH CENTURY DINNER.

In the Nineteenth Century Mr. C. S. Tomes reconstructs a picture of eighteenth century middle-class life from a minutely-kept account book of one Francis Taylor, who lived on his own property in Littleton, near Evesham, two hundred years ago. Here is a sample dinner given at the christening of one of his daughters:—

FIRST COURSE.

- A Salmon milt and 2 carps boiled with small fish fried round ye dish
- A lorn of veal royst
- A pigeon pie
- A carrot pudding
- A piece of beef boiled with cabbage and boyled Pigg laid round about it
- And 2 dishes on side table p. remoues (viz., a leg of mutton boyled with Callowflowers and a quarter of lamb royst)

In the margin Francis Taylor notes of this last entry, "No need of this and might have bin saved."

SECOND COURSE

- A young Turkie royst
- 2 Ducks royst
- A dish of pease
- A dish of Tart. Cheese cakes, custards, all in a dish with a Sillabub in ye middle.

LABOUR CABINET'S BIG SCHEME.

In the Federal House of Representatives at Melbourne on the 29th Mr. Hughes, the Commonwealth Attorney-General, introduced a Bill to amend the Constitution, giving the Commonwealth complete legislative control over trade, commerce, corporation and industrial matters, including employment, wages, and the settlement of disputes, and giving power to deal with combinations and monopolies.

The Bill was read a first time.

When passed the measure will be submitted to referendum.

SCIENTIFIC MISCELLANY.

BODILY EFFECTS OF THE WIRELESS.

Like other modern occupations, wireless telegraphy has brought special disorders to man. In the campaign in Morocco, the wireless telegraph operators of the *Descartes* of the French Navy have been pretty steadily employed, and Dr. P. Bello, the surgeon on board, reports, that the Hertzian waves have developed various maladies among these men. The eyes were much affected, cases of slight conjunctivitis, keratitis and leukoma being common. This was due to the very powerful action of the ultra-violet rays and the wearing of yellow or orange glasses was advised. Another ailment set up was eczema, of which there were two cases—one of the wrist and one of the eyelid—both difficult to cure. A particularly uncomfortable case was that of an official who had worked the wireless telegraph several years, but who suffered from painful palpitation of the heart after using the sending instruments for any considerable time. Dr. Bello is inclined to attribute also to wireless telegraphy much of the nervous derangements now becoming rather common among naval men.

COOLING TUMBLERS.

The making of ice goblets, which cool beverages as they are served, has been so perfected by H. D. P. Huizer, at his summer resort factory near The Hague, that 100 per hour can be made with one horse-power, only a small refrigerating machine being needed to supply the cold brine. The mould is of special metal, with a core of porcelain, and after pouring in the water the whole is submerged in the brine at 4 degrees below zero for six minutes, then passed for a moment to a special heater, when the goblet is pushed out and caught in a paper holder. Each goblet contains half a pint. It can be filled only once, but will hold the beverage half an hour in hot weather.

ODOURS OF METALS.

Every metal is believed by Gratin, a German chemist, to have its peculiar odour, which he regards as a gaseous transformation product. He has made some of the odours perceptible for a few moments at intervals by heating the metals to 122 degrees Fahr.

CORK-LINED BAIN COATS.

Cork tissue, or "tissu-lège," the novel waterproof fabric now being made in France, is ordinary cloth with a lining of cork only 1/250 of an inch thick, and is a substitute for rubber cloth that is claimed to be free from most of the defects of that material. Before being allied into thin layers, the cork is freed from its resinous matter, thus becoming very flexible. The thin sheets are then pressed into the outer cloth, forming a perfect lining for cotton, wool, silk, ramie, felt or leather, and the resin-freeing treatment has made the cork so pliant that it may be folded without breaking. The outer cloth or other material is unchanged in appearance. A garment from the cork-lined fabric is soft and comfortable, is perfectly proof against water, does not deteriorate like rubber cloth, is very light, and has no odour. When desired, another lining of cloth may be used to cover the cork layer.

SEEKING THE CLEAREST SKY.

To see Mars and other heavenly bodies better is an attempt of greater promise than efforts to telegraph to worlds of which we know so little. The Earth's atmosphere varies greatly in clearness, and, while American astronomers have established several observatories in very favourable localities it appears that just the best spot for a great international observatory—where the world's supreme effort at looking outward can be made—has not yet been determined. A study is now being begun of the conditions in the Karroos, or elevated plains of South Africa, near the scenes of the Boer War. At a number of stations estimates of cloudiness will be made on a uniform scale, steadiness of the air will be adjudged by such observations as those of double stars, and photographic tests will be made by star trails. These sensitive

methods are expected to show whether the air is better for seeing than that of other places known.

A PRIZE THEORY OF THE EARTH.

For the best essay on the earth's interior, the University of Jena has awarded a prize to M. Thiene, whose theory is thus outlined. The mean density of the earth is known to be more than five times that of water. As the surface rocks have an average density of only 2½ and water of 1, the interior must have a density of about 7½—that of iron. It is fairly certain also that the rigidity is slightly greater than that of steel. He concludes that the earth's crust is about 930 miles thick, instead of the 30 miles of the common estimate, and that it encloses a very dense and rigid core that he calls the haryphere.

SMOOTHING OIL FIES WITH FOAM.

The new German method of fighting fire in light liquids, like benzine or gasoline consists in covering the surface with a layer of foam containing an inert gas, thus cutting off the air and making combustion impossible. The approved apparatus made by a Prussian company near Minden, as described by Consul T. H. Norton, consists of a simple metal cylinder, divided into two chambers, and provided with a long spout. One chamber is charged with an aqueous solution of potash alum and sodium sulphate, the other, with a solution of sodium bicarbonate, sodium sulphate, and licorice root extract. As the two cylinders are inclined or reversed, the two solutions mix as they issue from the spout, and the chemical reaction between the alum and bicarbonate gives a prompt evolution of carbon dioxide, converting the licorice solution into an exceedingly stiff and persistent foam. Even when the burning liquid has become so hot that its fiery vapour bubbles up through the foam, the carbon dioxide rapidly cools it. In a test by the Hanover fire department, 18 gallons of benzine—poured in a shallow iron pan and partly scattered on the ground—was allowed to burn three minutes, and then received the contents of two foam extinguishers, which quickly arrested the fire. When the foam was removed and fire relighted, water from a 2-inch hose was insufficient to check the flames, which spread rapidly, endangering nearby buildings.

ONE OF THE OTHER SENSES.

Bees return to their hives in a direct line when they have been carried away and liberated, up to two miles. This has been supposed to be due either to the sense of sight or of smell, but the experiments of Gaston Bonnier have proved that neither sight nor smell can serve the purpose, and that bees have a special sense of direction. This sense is not in the antennae.

A NEW TIME-TELLER.

A novel luxury for the hotel bed-chamber is a new signal apparatus that gives the exact time at any minute. A small telephone receiver is placed near the head of the bed or, even under the pillow, and pressing a button causes a set of gongs to strike, announcing through the telephone the hour, quarter, and number of minutes past the quarter.

ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING RESULTS.

According to *The Globe*, another poor year has been experienced by Dick, Kerr & Co., which, in common with the great many other electrical engineering undertakings, is feeling trade competition very sorely. Eight years ago the profits of this company amounted to well over £100,000, and the ordinary dividend was 30 per cent., but since that time the earnings have rapidly diminished, until for the twelve months ended June 30 last, they are no more than £22,821, and the dividend is reduced to 5 per cent. Compared with the results for the financial year 1903-9, there is a falling off in profits of £23,351, and the distribution is 1 per cent. less. Of last year's profits £12,494 has been absorbed in dividends interest and trustees' fees and in retaining the amount required to provide for the premium payable on the redemption of the present debenture stock. The amount brought into the accounts a year ago was £63,142, but the carry forward on the present occasion is £20,931 less.

Indigestion and Catarrh.

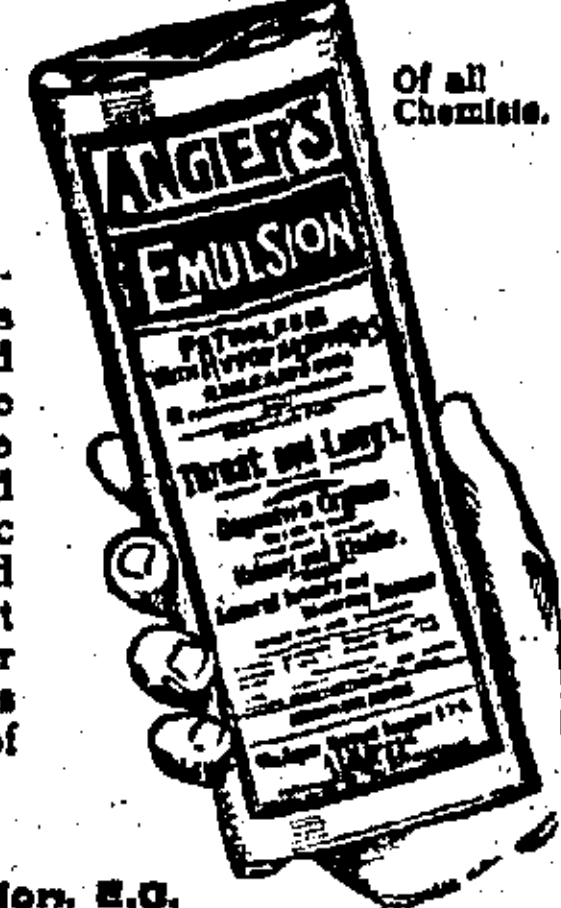
40 Kentish Road, Handsworth, Birmingham.
Dear Sirs,—It is now about five years since Angier's Emulsion was recommended to me by a doctor, and I have found it invaluable for indigestion and stomach catarrh, as well as for toning up the system. I was very much run down when I first took it, but improved immediately, and gained in weight 15 lb. in twelve weeks. I have recommended the Emulsion to several of my friends for various complaints, with good results. It proved especially good for a friend who suffers from inflammation of the bowels, who was completely cured, and has been at work regularly ever since.
(Signed) F. THOMPSON.

Angier's Emulsion

(PETROLEUM WITH HYPOPHOSPHITES.)

HEALING AND STRENGTHENING.

Angier's Emulsion soothes the mucous membrane of the stomach and intestines, arrests fermentation, checks bacterial growth, and promotes normal, healthy action of the bowels. It is a splendid tonic to appetite and digestion and it builds up health and strength. Doctors prescribe it for chronic indigestion, nervous dyspepsia, stomach and intestinal catarrh, chronic diarrhoea, etc. It has cured many obscure cases after other remedies had failed. Angier's Emulsion is also invaluable for the relief and cure of coughs and lung affections.



ANGIER CHEMICAL CO., LTD.,
86 Clerkenwell Road, London, E.C.



TONIC, RESTORATIVE, DIGESTIVE WINE Very palatable.

Known throughout the world and prescribed in all cases of Anemia, Debility and Convalescence, to young women children and the aged. Invaluable in hot climates.

DOSE: One wine-glass after the two principal meals.

Each bottle of genuine VIN SAINT-RAPHAEL bears, in addition to the registered trade-mark:

- (1) The WARRANTY STAMP of the UNION DES FABRICANTS.
- (2) A METAL SEAL advertising CLETEAS.

CLETEAS is a MELISSA and MINT cordial which surpasses all others by its purity and faultless preparation. To be taken on a lump of sugar.

COMPAGNIE du VIN SAINT-RAPHAEL, Valence (Drôme-France).

AGENTS: CALDBECK, MACGREGOR & Co., HONGKONG.

BOVRIL

The Supreme Achievement in
Beef Concentration.

INFINITELY SUPERIOR TO MEAT EXTRACT OR BEEF TEA.

BOVRIL is supplied to the British Admiralty and War Office, the India Office, and is used in over 2,000 Hospitals.

BY APPOINTMENT TO HIS MAJESTY THE KING.

[792-2]

SCALP SPECIALISTS USE AND RECOMMEND NEWBRO'S HERPICIDE

"I am sending you my photograph to show what Newbro's Herpicide has done for me. Since I first tried Herpicide upon my hair I have used it exclusively in giving scalp treatments to others, and I would not think of trying to get along without it."

(Signed) MRS. ANNA CONNER.

2807 Archer Ave., Chicago, Ill.

Hundreds of lady scalp specialists and hair dressers use and recommend Newbro's Herpicide, instead of products of their own manufacture upon which a much larger profit could be made. This claim that Herpicide makes friends for them and gives much better satisfaction. Some hair dressers use Herpicide for obstinate cases only, but why not use the best first?

Herpicide is a delightful dressing that can be used when there is no disease of the hair or scalp, and as an actual remedy for dandruff, itching scalp and falling hair it stands in a class singularly its own.

Many ladies object to a gummy and sticky hair dressing, or one that is full of sedimentary chemicals intended to dye the hair. The marked preference for a clean and dainty preparation, particularly one that overcomes excessive oiliness and leaves the hair light and fluffy, is reflected in the enormous sale of Newbro's Herpicide. Discriminating ladies become enthusiastic over its refreshing quality and exquisite fragrance. It stops itching of the scalp almost instantly.

AT DRUG STORES.—Send 10 Cents in Stamps to The HERPICIDE Co., Dept. N., Detroit, Mich., for a Sample.

A. S. WATSON & CO.

SPECIAL AGENTS.



MRS. ANNA CONNER.

SAVARESSE'S SANDAL CAPSULES

Effacious because absolutely pure
English Oil No. 1 and 2
Full directions in Capsules
Held on SAVARESSE'S

[713]

SELF CURE NO FICTION! MARVEL UPON MARVEL!

NO SUFFERER
NEED NOW DESPAIR,
but without minding a doctor's bill or falling into the deep ditch of quackery, may safely, speedily and economically cure himself without the knowledge of a second party. By the introduction of THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY

THERAPION

a complete revolution has been wrought in this department of medical science, while thousands have been restored to health and happiness who for years previously had been merely dragging out a miserable existence.

THERAPION No. 1—The Sovereign Remedy for discharges, suppurating infections, the use of which does irreparable harm by laying the foundation of sterility and other serious diseases.

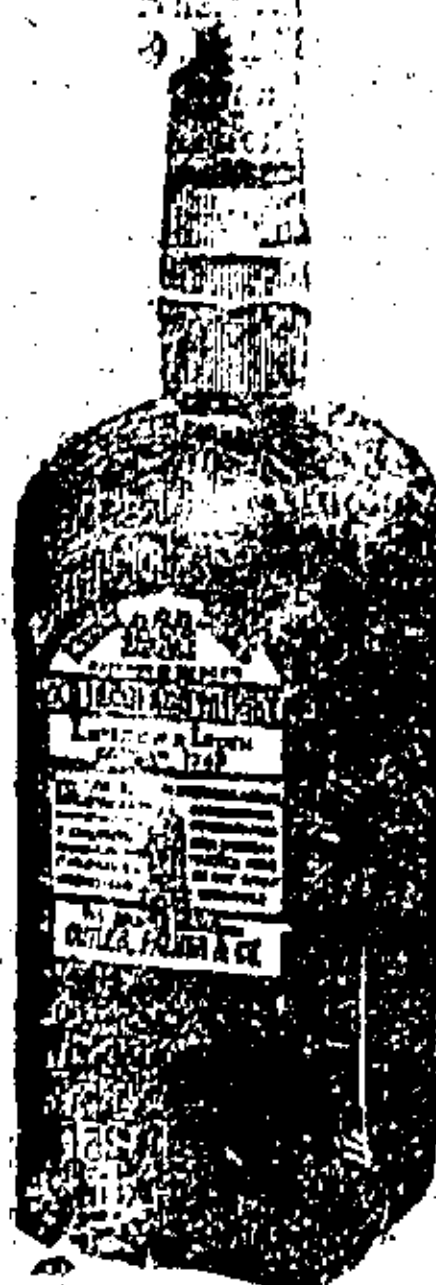
THERAPION No. 2—The Sovereign Remedy for primary and secondary skin eruptions, urticaria, pains and swelling of the joints, and all those complaints which mercury and arsenic are so popularly but erroneously supposed to cure. This preparation purifies the whole system through the blood and thoroughly eliminates all poisonous matter from the body.

THERAPION No. 3—The Sovereign Remedy for debility, nervousness, impaired vitality, sleeplessness, distaste and incapacity for business or pleasure, loss of appetite, indigestion, pains in the back and head, and all disorders resulting from dissipation, early excesses, etc., which so frequently so persistently recur, because so important to cure or even relieve.

THERAPION is obtainable from the principal Chemists or from The La Caze Medicine Co., Havertstock Road, Havertstock, London, E.C. to England & is ordering, state which of the three numbers required, and see that word "THERAPION" appears on British Government Stamp affixed to every genuine package.

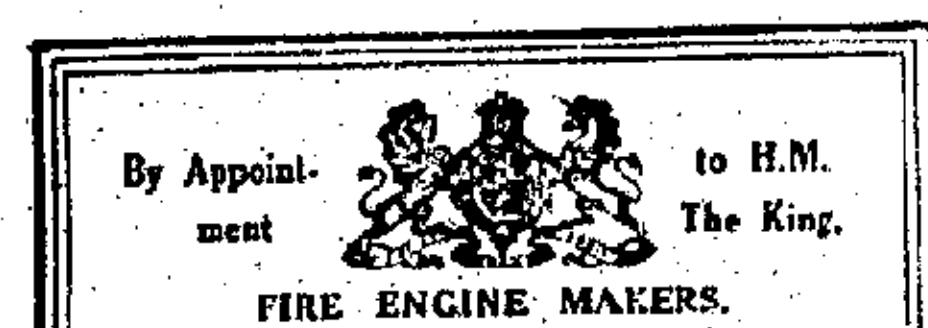
[737-1]

NAPIER JOHNSTONES' "SQUARE BOTTLE" WHISKY.



BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.
UNVARIED FOR THE SAME TODAY AS IN 1748.
150 YEARS.

SOLE AGENTS IN HONGKONG:
LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.,
and from ALL WINE MERCHANTS. (46)



MERRYWEATHERS'
Largest Makers of High-class

HOSE PIPES

in the World.
Dub-Sub Canvas for Fire Duty.
Admiralty Leather for Flushing.
Armoured Rubber for Mines.

Write for "Hints on Hose," and quotations.
MERRYWEATHER & SONS,
Fire Engine and Hose Works,
GREENWICH, LONDON, S.E.

WHAT BEING "RUN-DOWN" MEANS.

A ROYAL PHYSICIAN'S STATEMENT.
In spite of all the ordinary precautions people take to safeguard their health and the care they habitually use in selecting their proper food, the time comes, sooner or later, when they feel more or less "shaky," run-down, and below par.

Without enquiring the reason, people instinctively know that they need a tonic. The difficulty is to determine what tonic to use, for, as everyone is aware, most tonics, though they stimulate for the moment, have a depressing after effect.

There is no such drawback with Sanatogen, which doctors universally call the "Tonic Food with Lasting Effects," because the gratifying sensation of health and well-being it imparts continues long after it has ceased to be taken.

It is universally admitted that nothing so admirably fills the needs of those who require a tonic as Sanatogen. The reason is that it not only improves the nutrition of the physical side of the body, but it also exercises a beneficial sway over the brain and nervous system, and has a powerful influence in improving the quantity and quality of the red blood corpuscles, which are so potent factors in maintaining the health at its highest point.

In this connection Professor Tobold, who was Physician-in-Ordinary to the late Emperor Frederick, writes:—"Sanatogen has proved itself to be an admirable dietetic preparation in patients of mine whose nutrition was much below par."

Sanatogen may be obtained of all Chemists and Druggists.

(1217-2)

A GOOD SET OF TEETH

is of the greatest importance to everyone for the sake of health and appearance.

ROWLAND'S ODONTO

Thoroughly Cleanses the Teeth from all Impurities, Whitens and Preserves them, Eradicates the Formation of Tartar, Frees from and Arrests Decay, and gives a Pleasant Fragrance to the Breath.

Contains Nothing Gritty or Acid. 2/6 per box. Sold by Stores, Chemists, and ROWLANDS, 67, Hatton Garden, London.

MARTIN'S APIOL-STEEL

A French Remedy for all Rheumatism, Gout, Sciatica, Lumbago, and all other forms of neuralgia. It is the best and most reliable remedy for these ailments. It is sold by all Chemists and Druggists.

MARTIN'S APIOL-STEEL
FOR RHEUMATISM, GOUT, SCIATICA, LUMBAGO, AND ALL OTHER FORMS OF NEURALGIA.

[ALL RIGHTS RESERVED.] THE WIDOW'S CUFFS.

BY
MRS. SMART.

A sharp pelt of rain had driven more than one wayfarer taken unawares into the village store—that emporium of everything from a bootlace to a bicycle, kept by one Mr. Jonathan Spriggs, the principal merchant of Westwood, and in his own estimation, quite the most important man in the town. There were others not wanting who took Mr. Spriggs at his own valuation, and the genial storekeeper had his little circle of satellites, to whom the "People's Store" ranked as of high importance as a London Club to the man about town, or the salon of Madame Edmonde to the French elegant. Here politics were discussed, and matters of national importance agreed upon—or the reverse—the store sometimes figured as the village stock exchange, or in softer moments mellowed into a matrimonial agency.

Whether it was owing to the gentle spring shower which was fast forcing the swelling buds to open all their freshness of green attire, or whether it was that love was in the air, and Cupid on the warpath, on this balmy April day, it is hard to say, but the little band of storm-stayed wayfarers were discussing in a more animated fashion than even the pros and cons of "Fiscal Policy" had ever drawn from them—the "to be or not to be" of a projected alliance in their midst.

"I say it's no seemly," said John Harper, the foremost grocer in the town. "The woman's not a widow more than nine or ten months, and I'm sure she's no more thinkin' o' Tom Henderson than she is o' me."

"Well—they're saying he's never out of the house," said Joshua Gair, an angular looking bank clerk, who prided himself on his freedom from the Westwood accent.

"And what for d'ye no' out 'im out, Jo?" said a chorus of voices.

"I prefer fresh goods, thank ye, no widows for me."

"I'd come in mighty handy, Jo," said another, "a snug little crib like Westwood, and a good bit o' money, as ye oughter know, seeing the late Jeremiah Gubbins kept his account at your shop."

The clerk smiled to himself, as if something pleasing had crossed his mind.

"I dare say a man might do worse," he said, lighting a cigarette in a dilettante fashion.

"Well—," said the proprietor of the store, as he stuck a ticket bearing the magic words, "Prime—7/6," into a roll of bacon, "I will say that I allow thought Mrs. Gubbins a mighty pleasant lady, and I'm sure she's no more than a bargain, I can tell you. If all they're sayin' 's true—the late Jeremiah was no' perfect, and she'll be all the kinder to numpertoo, should the right man 'app'n to come along. But she'll not be in a hurry, the lady won't, 'once caught—twice shy—and I think it's 'ardly decent to be marryin' 'er to arf the town before she's out o' her murrings."

"That's just what I say," said John Harper. "Ow would we like it supposing we was to drop off, and folks was marryin' our widows to all and sundry, how would we feel in our graves?"

No—Tom Henderson may call in once in a while in a friendly way at Westwood, but it's nothing more—anyway yet a while—I'll bet my bottom dollar on that."

"And when is a widow supposed to be out of murrings?" mused the bank clerk. "I should like to know, I really would. Mr. Jones—you ought to be able to inform us, mourning being in your line," and he turned to an insignificant looking little man, who had hitherto remained silent, Peter Jones, the principal draper in the town.

"Wan 'er clothes is worn out, I should say," snapped the little man.

"Ha-ha!" asserted Joshua Gair. "Mr. Jones is too wise to express an opinion."

"I have known Maria Gubbins since she was a little girl," said the little man with a blush, "an' I'm not going to speak agin her—that's all."

"And who's sayin' anything against the lady, Mr. Jones?" said Gair, with a dangerous look in his narrow eyes.

The little man made no reply, except one utterly irrelevant to the subject, namely, that "it had stopped raining."

As he spoke the door opened, and a tall, bony farmer walked in.

"Mornin'—friends—gossipin' as usual? Mr. Spriggs, you oughter charge a commission on the scandal talked in this shop, and y'd be a rich man."

"We were just discussing a very interesting subject, Mr. Rudge," said the bank clerk, "perhaps you may be able to enlighten us. When do a widow's weeds stop growin'?"

"When the flower of love chokes them," said the farmer, gravely. "Hasn't she a son or daughter?"

"No, but jokin' apart," said the host, "these young men is all thiratin' to lay themselves at the feet o' the charming Mrs. Gubbins—you know widows is—and none of them can quite arrive at the proper time to make advances, and yet they're feared our friend Mr. Tom Henderson may cut them out—so, as a man o' the world, Mr. Rudge—ye might give them a bit o' advice, it wd be a sad pity if they was all too late—and seeing you're so well up in matters o' etiquette—"

"Well, according to 't's ladies' fashion papers, a lady is a widow for a year and a day—after that—according to the other women—a lady's a designing monster who tries to set 'er cap at every thing she sees in a coat and trousers—but she must wear her weeds for a year and a day, if she's a respectable married woman."

"And what do weeds consist of? Give us a definition of the term," asked the bank clerk.

"Jo' wants to know—like all financial men, he 'as an eye for the cash," said Mr. Spriggs, aside to the draper with a dig in the ribs, which made the poor little man wriggle.

"Wa-al—veeds is craps, and caps—and long veils—and them white collars and the cuffs they wears on their wrists," replied Mr. Rudge comprehensively.

"But my sister that lost 'er 'usband, wore them white things for many a year," said the grocer reflectively.

"Well—she needn't 'ave," snapped Mr. Rudge. "I tell you—that's the best thing to go by, them cuffs, when you see 'em disappear, it's a sign that summer is high."

Tom Henderson stood in a meditative fashion leaning over a gate, as his friend and neighbour John Rudge, rode past.

"I was earin' a lot about you to-day, Tom."

"Ye-as? I 'opes you 'eard well?"

"I 'eard ye was makin' up to the widow."

"Wot widow? Oh, sly Tom! D'ye mean to say ye don't know?"

"Well—an' if I am—I'm sure I might do worse."

"Ye'll 'ave to look sharp, my boy, if you want to get 'er—there's others in the running—"

"Who?"

"That beaky bank clerk for one, an' I don't know 'ow many more—they asked me when it wd be 'konfido' to start the race—as it wd be

—an' I told them we'd never they saw 'er stop wearin' them white cuffs that widows 'as, then they might enter or scratch—as they thought fit—but there'll not be many scratch—I'm thinking."

"And when'll she stop wearin' them, since you seem to know all about it?" "W'on she's a year and a day a widow—very soon now—Tom—so you watch—" and Rudge rode away, his broad sides shaking with laughter.

Mrs. Gubbins folded her hands contentedly over her craps-doll dress, and looked pensively over the garden towards the high road.

It was September, some months later than the discussion described above; she had been a widow well over the year convention demanded her seclusion and sombre mourning attire, but the craps trimmings still crackled with the rise and fall of her ample bosom, and she still wore the fatal bands of white at her wrists. She was—truth to tell—too well satisfied with the placidity of her life, after her turbulent existence with the late Jeremiah, to have any wish to again enter the troubled seas of matrimony.

That she had and would have suitors in plenty was evident, for not only were her personal charms undeniable, but her pecuniary affairs were supposed to be in a most satisfactory condition, and these two things combined were a magnet strong enough to attract most men.

"Good-evening, Mr. Henderson," she said sweetly to the advancing gentleman, whose beard shone ruddy in the evening sunlight.

"Good-evening, Mrs. Gubbins. Yer lookin' as fresh as a daisy—but there's no need for me to tell you that—you know it already."

"La! Mr. Henderson!" blushed the widow, "ow can I be so?"

That Tom Henderson had come with a definite purpose in his mind.

The year was considerably more than spent which custom decreed should be dedicated to the late Jeremiah—why wait any longer, when it would be so much more economical and pleasant to join forces?

Mrs. Gubbins blushed and looked away from the fervent admiration expressed by her bearded admirer.

"You forget my mourning, Mr. Henderson," she murmured decorously.

"I'll bear them white rags off your wrists," said the masterful Tom angrily, proceeding to tug at his actions to his words.

"No, no," said the widow, with a flash from her dark eyes, "it's not you that takes them off, Mr. Henderson—wherever does—Good-evening."

The disappointed suitor met the bank clerk counting up the hill.

"You needn't go further," he snarled, "them white cuffs is sewed on so sure, nothing'll take them."

Joshua smiled to himself, he had little doubt but that his superior education, and genteel manners would carry great weight with the widow. The cuffs would disappear at his command!

But Mrs. Gubbins was obstinate. Although he painted in glowing terms what an excellent position they would have in the town, and flattered her intellectual vanity by telling her she was the only woman he could ever think of in the place, he went away like the former, with a flea in his ear.

When he had gone Mrs. Gubbins sighed a little.

"They go fearful quick in the wash," she said, folding in a frayed edge of her right hand cuff. "I must go and get some more to-morrow."

The following day saw her walk up the High Street to Mr. Peter Jones' drapery establishment.

"I want some widow's cuffs, please, Mr. Jones," she said, "will you show me wot ye've got?"

The shy little draper looked anxiously round before he complied with her request—they were alone in the shop.

"I thought you'd 'ave given 'em up by now," he said pleadingly.

"Mr. Jones!"

"It's time you did," he said more boldly, "wot's the good o' wastin' your life—and mine?" and instead of feteing the cuff and collar box, he put his hand gently but firmly on the widow's cuff, and began tearing away the fragile exterior.

"Say Peter—Maria—you know I've loved you ever since you was a little girl—d'ye really think them things is going to keep you longer from me?" and he flung the pieces of torn cambric on the floor.

The widow smiled up in his face.

"Of course if you haven't got them in stock, Mr. Jones, I must just manage with—till—till—I get something else!"

The village store was more than usually crowded on the evening following the announcement of Mrs. Peter Jones' engagement to Mrs. Gubbins. To say that much custom resulted from the one event would be to make a statement open to doubt, for the company were far too busy discussing the pros and cons of the latest sensation, to notice the attractive wares, or the seductive prices appended thereto on Mr. Jonathan Spriggs' counter. And who could blame them, last of all the genial storekeeper?

"Well, I never—," said that worthy, sticking his thumbs as far as they would go into his armpits, "to think that Peter Jones—little Peter Jones—who you'd think couldn't say 'be to a goose'—should have carried her off from under your very noses!"

"The question is," said Joshua Gair acidly, "did anyone else make any effort to secure the prize?"

"Tom Henderson looked quickly round.

"I dunno" bount securing the prize, but I know I met you looking mighty pecky going up the hill to Westwood one night not long since, and there was a different colour on your countenance when you was coming back for I saw you, when you didn't guess I was looking, and your cheeks was as white as the dough on an under-cooked dumpling. Sex I to myself, 'he's gotten the same I got—for I'm not ashamed to say that I would like fine to have had the widow for my own, and I think Peter Jones is an uncommonly lucky fellow!"

"There's as good fish in the sea as ever came out o' it, Tom," said Mr. Jonathan Spriggs sympathetically.

"Nobbs—but not every fish swims your stroke—and there is something about Maria Gubbins that goes to the heart o' a man."

"Not to mention her money," sneered the bank clerk.

"Guess I wasn't so keen on that part of the show as some other folks I could mention," snapped Mr. Henderson in reply. "You white-fingered clerks that does nothing but handle gold, and count bank notes, you get to think that there's nothing else in the world but your filthy cash—but I tell you there's one thing better than all the money in the world, and that is love, and the man who has won the affections of Maria Gubbins is—as I said before—a damned lucky chap!"

Meanwhile Mrs. Gubbins and Mr. Jones sat in close proximity to each other on the Westwood sofa. The widow was still dressed in black, but her comely arms emerged from becoming frills of lace, instead of the rigorous lines of the widow's cuffs.

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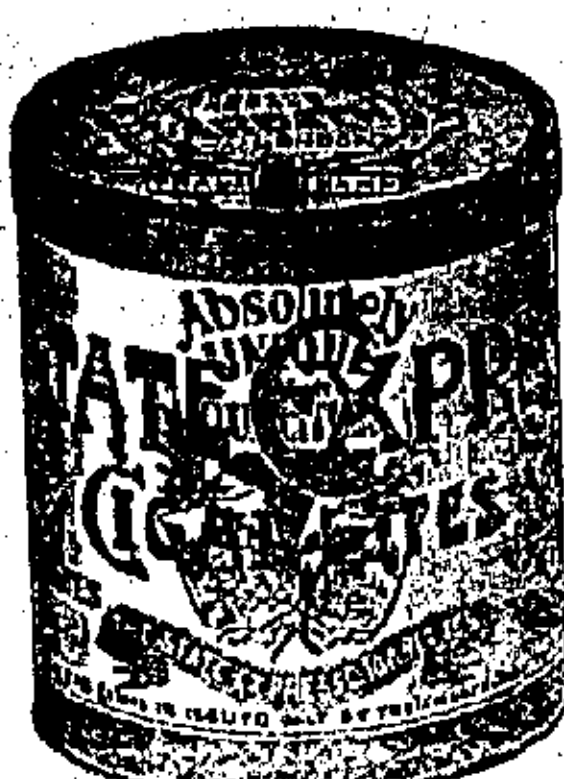
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15/ paid	Alor-Pongau ...	14.9	50%	fy. paid	Malacca Ordinary ...	8.50	...
fy. "	Anglo-Johore	fy. "	Merlimau ...	8/6	...
9/ fy. "	Anglo-Malay ...	...	...	fy. "	Merton Syndicate ...	...	...
17/6 "	Bakap ...	...	...	fy. "	Mount Austin ...	...	...
fy. "	Banting ...	...	...	fy. "	Narborough Est. ...	...	...
fy. "	Batu Caves ...	17.00	70%	fy. "	North Hummock ...	...	...
fy. "	Datu Kawan ...	...	...	fy. "	Pandang Jawa ...	...	...
15/ "	Batu Tiga ...	...	...	fy. "	Pandian Johore ...	...	...
2/ 1/ "	Berangan Selangor ...	6.10.0	...	fy. "	Pataing ...	2.43	125% '10
15/ "	Berangan Perak ...	...	...	fy. "	Petaling (Johore) ...	...	...
fy. "	Do. Ordinary ...	...	...	fy. "	Petaling (Johore) ...	9/2	424% '09
12/6 "	Bidor ...	...	...	fy. "	Peneiro Est. ...	...	...
2/ fy. "	Blands Selangor ...	...	...	fy. "	Prya ...	...	10% '09
2/ fy. "	Bukit Cich ...	2.17.0	...	fy. "	Ratanuf ...	...	...
15/ "	Bukit Kajang ...	2.7.6 pm	...	fy. "	Rembia ...	3/6 pm	...
2/ fy. "	Bukit Mertajam ...	...	...	fy. "	Rim ...	...	...
fy. paid	Bukit Rajah ...	17.10.0	150%	fy. "	R. Est. of Krian ...	...	...
8/ "	Bukit Selangor ...	6.0.0	...	fy. "	R. of Johore ...	...	...
8/ "	Castfield ...	...	...	fy. "	Sagga ...	13.15.0	...
2/ 1/ "	Changkat Salak R. and Tin ...	4/3	...	fy. "	Seahfield ...	7.7.6	15% '90
1/ 5/ "	Chersonese ...	...	...	fy. "	Selangor ...	8.8.6	150% '10
2/ 1/ "	Chioat ...	...	...	fy. "	Seletar Rubber ...	...	...
2/ 1/ "	Chota Rubber ...	...	...	fy. "	Sempah ...	...	...
2/ fy. "	Cicely Ordinary ...	2.3.6	135%	fy. "	Sendayan ...	2.5.0 pm	...
2/ fy. "	Consol. Malay ...	2.3.6	140%	fy. "	Seremban ...	5.10.0	15% '10
2/ fy. "	Dannunara ...	1.9.9	50%	fy. "	Serangoon ...	3.1.63	10% '10
2/ fy. "	Dennistown ...	6.0.0	25%	fy. "	Shelford ...	...	...
2/ fy. "	Fed. Selangor ...	14/6	15%	fy. "	Singapore (N. S.) ...	3.10.6	17% '09
2/ 1/ "	Gara Kie H. Est. ...	...	...	fy. "	Singapore Para ...	...	...
2/ 1/ "	Garing (Malacca) ...	...	...	fy. "	Straits (Bertam) ...	...	...
fy. "	Golemia ...	6.5.0	25%	fy. "	Strathmore R. ...	...	...
fy. "	Gula-Hope ...	6.17.6	20%	fy. "	Sungei Bahru ...	5.12.9	32% '09
fy. "	Gula-Kalumpang ...	...	...	fy. "	Sungei Kapar ...	15/3	...
fy. "	H. and Lowlands ...	5.9.0	10%	fy. "	Sungei Krait ...	...	...
fy. "	Inch Kemeth ...	15.10.0	50%	fy. "	Sungei Liang ...	4.2.6	...
fy. "	Johore R. Lands ...	...	...	fy. "	Sungei Salak ...	5.17.9	15% '10
fy. "	Jong-Land ...	...	...	fy. "	Tangkah ...	...	...
fy. "	Jura (Ordinary) ...	...	...	fy. "	Third Mile ...	...	...
fy. "	K'pong Kuantan ...	...	...	fy. "	Tremelby ...	...	...
fy. "	Kamuning "A" ...	6/6 pm	...	fy. "	Utd. Saa Betong ...	...	...
fy. "	Do. "B" ...	...	...	fy. "	Val d'Or Est. ...	...	...
fy. "	Kapar Para ...	10.10.0	20%	fy. "	Vallambrose ...	2.4.3	250% '09
fy. "	Kellah ...	...	...	fy. "	Trust and Finance Companies.	...	...
fy. "	Killinghall ...	...	...	fy. "	Anglo-Straits R. T. ...	...	...
fy. "	Kinta Kellah ...	...	...	fy. "	Eastern Internat. Trust ...	...	...
fy. "	Kluang ...	...	...	fy. "	Mid-East Invest ...	...	...
fy. "	Kluang Kelas ...	...	...	fy. "	Rubber Plants Inves. Trust ...	...	90% '09
fy. "	Kluang Kelas ...	...	...	fy. "	R. Share Trust ...	...	...
fy. "	Kota Tinggi ...	...	...	fy. "	Straits M. & Trust ...	...	...
fy. "	Kota Tinggi ...	...	...	fy. "	India, Ceylon, Borneo, Java and Sumatra.	...	...
fy. "	Kota Tinggi ...	...	...	fy. "	Anglo-Java ...	...	...
fy. "	Kota Tinggi ...	...	...	fy. "	Asahan (Sumatra) ...	...	...
fy. "	Kota Tinggi ...	...	...	fy. "	Bangawan R. ...	...	...
fy. "	Kota Tinggi ...	...	...	fy. "	Beaufort ...	...	...
fy. "	Kota Tinggi ...	...	...	fy. "	Central Sumatra ...	...	...
fy. "	Kota Tinggi ...	...	...	fy. "	Indian Peninsula ...	...	...
fy. "	Kota Tinggi ...	...	...	fy. "	Java Analang ...	...	...
fy. "	Kota Tinggi ...	...	...	fy. "	Kimanis ...	...	...
fy. "	Kota Tinggi ...	...	...	fy. "	Langkon ...	...	...
fy. "	Kota Tinggi ...	...	...	fy. "	Manchester ...	...	...
fy. "	Kota Tinggi ...	...	...	fy. "	Miranda (Java) ...	...	...
fy. "	Kota Tinggi ...	...	...	fy. "	Pontianak ...	...	...
fy. "	Kota Tinggi ...	...	...	fy. "	Sumatra Para ...	11/4	124% '0
fy. "	Kota Tinggi	fy. "	Sumatra Props ...	6.0.0	5% '0
fy. "	Kota Tinggi	fy. "	United Serdang ...	9/4	...
fy. "	Kota Tinggi	fy. "	Utd. Sumatra

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Bills of Lading will be countersigned by the Undersigned. Goods remaining unclaimed after the 31st inst., at NOON, will be subject to rent and landing charges. All claims must be sent in to me on or before the 1st Nov., or they will not be recognized. All damaged packages will be examined on the 31st inst., at 3 P.M. No Fire Insurance has been effected. P. THOMAS, Agent. Hongkong, 24th October, 1910. [2]

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Hongkong, 25th October, 1910. [1215]

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Optional Cargo will be carried on unless notice to the contrary be given TO-DAY.

All Claims must be presented within ten days of the Steamer's arrival here, after which date they cannot be recognized.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 31st inst. will be subject to rent.

All broken, chafed, and damaged Goods must be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 31st inst., at 3 P.M.

No Fire Insurance will be effected by us in any case whatever.

This Steamer brings on Cargo: Ex s.s. "Porosmo" from Satalah. Ex s.s. "Soneck" from Satalah. Ex s.s. "Germania" from Gothenburg. Ex s.s. "Theresa" from Satalah.

HAMBURG-AMERICA LINE, Hongkong Office.

Hongkong, 25th October, 1910. [1216]

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE P. & O. S. N. Co's Steamer

"ARCADIA"

FROM BOMBAY, COLOMBO AND STRAITS.

Consignees of Cargo by the above-named vessel are hereby informed that their goods are being landed and placed at their risk in the hazardous and/or extra-hazardous Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, Limited, whence delivery may be obtained against Bills of Lading countersigned by the Undersigned.

Optional Cargo will be carried on unless notice to the contrary be given TO-DAY.

All Claims must be presented within ten days of the Steamer's arrival here, after which date they cannot be recognized.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 31st inst. will be subject to rent.

All broken, chafed, and damaged Goods must be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 31st inst., at 3 P.M.

No Fire Insurance will be effected by us in any case whatever.

Damaged packages must be left in the Godowns for examination by the Consignees and the Company's representatives at an appointed hour. All claims must be presented within ten days of the Steamer's arrival here, after which date they cannot be recognized. No claims will be admitted after the goods have left the Godowns.

E. A. HEWETT, Superintendent.

Hongkong, 27th October, 1910. [1]

SINGON & Co.

IRON, Steel, Metal and Hardware Merchants, Wholesale and Retail Ironmongers, Pig Iron and Foundry Coke Importers, General Storekeepers and Shipchangers. Nos. 35 & 37, HING LOONG STREET, 2nd St., west of Central Market. Telephone No. 515. [496]

DAVID CORBAR & SON'S

MECHANICAL, NAVY BOILER, LONG FLAT, RELIANCE-GROWN, TARPAPUNG.

ARNHOLD, KARBURG & CO. Sole Agents.

THIS YOUNG LADY WAS ROBBED OF HER STRENGTH BY ANEMIA. WAS BLOODLESS AND NERVOUS, A VICTIM TO BACK PAINS, FAINTING FITS AND NEURALGIA.

COMPLETELY CURED—AS THOUSANDS OF HER SUFFERING SEX HAVE BEEN—BY DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills work wonders upon weak bloodless women and girls because they fill the starved veins with New, Good Blood and fortify the nerves.

"Soon after I entered my 'teens I gradually became more and more bloodless, and at the age of 17 was quite unable to enjoy life," said Miss Jessie Cronin, a young and highly accomplished lady residing at B Road, Mandalay, Burma. "It seemed as though I was going fast to my grave. I was so colorless and starved-looking, and although a clever local doctor treated me for months I went from bad to worse. Any exertion made me tired, it was even impossible to walk upstairs without a rest at every few steps, and sometimes after a little excitement or unusual activity I fainted."

"Another doctor told me that I must take as much fresh air as I could, but so bad was my condition by this time that after a walk of only a few



MISS JESSIE CRONIN, OF MANDALAY. (From a Photograph.)

steps I was overcome with dizziness. It started by a sudden noise I would remain trembling and with my heart palpitating for a long time. Night meant for me either sleepless ness or else awful nightmares, and I was a victim to the tortures of Neuralgia for days together."

To add to my wretchedness, it became difficult for me to retain food. I vomited after almost every meal, and sharp pains in my back and chest followed. Finally I had to go into Hospital, remaining there for some time, until, as I got worse instead of better, the doctors discharged me as incurable."

"Later, a friend told me how she had been cured of Anemia by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. This decided me to try them. After taking three bottles of these Pills I found myself more cheerful, and able to digest my meals without distress. Then the back-aches left me, the palpitation ceased, I began to gain in weight, and arose in the mornings thoroughly refreshed by a good night's sleep. The last ailment to leave me was the neuralgia, and when that had gone I felt that there was no further need to take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Ever since then I have enjoyed excellent health."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People have cured repeatedly in both sexes, not only Anemia and Debility, but Indigestion, Liver Complaint, Malacia Rheumatism, Sciatica, Paralysis, Beriberi, Eczema, Scrofula and Skin Eruptions generally, also the after effects of Fevers, Dysentery and Chills. Only genuine bearing the name of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. Obtainable from most medicine vendors, also direct from the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 34, Sechen Road, Shanghai, one bottle for \$1.50, or 5 bottles for \$8. post free.

CHURCH SERVICES.

PRINCE CHURCH—Holy Communion 8 a.m. every Sunday.

St. John's Cathedral, Hongkong, 23rd Sunday after Trinity (October 30th). Holy Communion (8.15 a.m.). Matins (11 a.m.). Responses, Psalms, Venite, Magnificat; Psalm, of the 30th morning; To Doan, Hayes, Russell and Tanner; Benedictus, Garrett; Hymns 427, 221 and 430 (2nd Tune). N.E.—Psalm 144, verses 1, 2, 5 and 6 in unison. Psalm 146, verses 1, 2, 4, 10 and 21 in unison. Psalm 146, verses 1 and 10 in unison. Holy Communion (12.15 p.m.). Evensong (5.45 p.m.). Responses, Psalms, Benedictus, Magnificat, Venite, Magnificat and Nunc Dimittis; Maundy W. D. Anthem. "What are these?"—Stainer; Hymns: 428 and 437 (3rd Tune). Sevenfold Amen; Voluntary. A. Davis from Concerto—Mendelssohn. N.E.—Psalm 144, verses 1, 2, 5 and 6 in unison. Psalm 146, verses 1, 2, 4, 10 and 21 in unison. Psalm 146, verses 1 and 10 in unison. Psalm 150 (Hallelujah), verses 1, 4 and 6 in unison.

St. Peter's Church, Queen's Road, West. 23rd Sunday after Trinity, 30th October, 1910. Holy Communion, 7.30 a.m. 11 a.m. Psalter, Rev. C. H. Thompson, V. A. Venite, Benedictus, To Doan, Hayes, Cooke and Hopkins; Benedictus, Garrett; Hymns, 378 (2nd Tune) 386 and 302. 6.30 p.m. Fr. Archer Rev. Croft, M.A.; Psalms, Benedictus, Magnificat, Venite and Nunc Dimittis; Magnificat, E. Vey, (2nd morning); Nunc Dimittis; Aylward (11th evening); Hymns, 258, 264, 203 and 48.

The Church of the "Day Spring" will call on ships carrying white crews to bring friends ashore to the Services between 9.15 and 10.30 a.m., and between 6.15 and 6 p.m. (Kowloon Police Pier 10.30 and 6 p.m.), returning, 6.15 p.m. All the sittings are free and unappropriated. Visitors welcome. Books, &c., provided. Sunday school 10 to 10.45 a.m.

Union Church, Kennedy Road, Minster.—Rev. C. H. Hickling, 11 a.m. Worship, Hymns 201, 224 and 343, Psalm 122 (1st and 2nd), Anthem, "Heaven and Earth," 12 noon, Communion. Hymns 205, 4 p.m. Sunday Schools, 6 p.m. Worship, Hymns 10, 339, 392, 247 and 343. Wednesday 5.45 p.m. Study Circle, "Theology and Extinct Mammals." Thursday 9 p.m. Literary Club. Friday 8.15 p.m. Christian Endeavour Society.

St. Andrew's Church, Nathan Road, Kowloon. 23rd Sunday after Trinity, 30th October, 1910. Harvest Sunday and Anniversary of the Dedication of the Church, Morning Service at 11 a.m. Holy Communion at noon. Sunday School at 2.30 p.m. in Brili School, Evening Service at 5 p.m. Preaching, the Ven. Archdeacon Barnett. Friday the 4th November, at 6.30 p.m. Preparation Service for Communion.

CLARKE'S B. 41. PILLS.

A warranted cure for all acquired or constitutional Discharges from the Urinary Organs whether sex. These famous Pills also cure Gravel, Pains in the Back and Kidney Disorders. Free from mercury. Forty years' success. Sold by all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world.

THE HISTORY OF FOOTBALL.

From a sketch in the *State of South Africa*, by Percy S. F. Jones, *opposite* of the approaching visit of the British Rugby team, one glimpse of the history of football. Football in Great Britain owes its origin to the Romans, who played with a ball of cloth or leather stuffed with flocks, called *harpastum*, or with a windbag, called *folia*. The writer proceeds:—

"It is not possible to produce any direct evidence of the progress or popularity of the game in England prior to the year 1175. It is fairly conclusively established, however, that football goes back several centuries further than cricket. In 1175 William Fitzstephen, writing in his history of London, mentions the fact that it was the habit of the young men of the city to play at the well-known game of ball after dinner. And there can be no doubt that this game was football, but what its outstanding features were can only be a matter of guesswork. The game was confined to the lower classes; no rules existed for its control; the contests seem to have been more in the nature of general scrambles, the goals being placed at either end of a town or street, and the number of players seems to have been unlimited."

FORBIDDEN BY LAW—IN VAIN! Although popular it met with opposition from the authorities. Edward II. in 1334 forbade football under pain of imprisonment, under the pretext of the riotous and lawless manner in which it was played, and the fact that it was a hindrance to the training of the young men of the city. The game nevertheless progressed. In 1351 Edward III. ordered his sheriffs to suppress "such idle practices," because "the skill at shooting with arrows was almost totally laid aside for the purpose of various useless and unlawful games." But so persistent were the popular classes in this almost national pastime that Richard II. and his successors had to continue to proclaim against "tennis, football, and other games." This determined persecution had no appreciable effect, however. The people persisted in the game they loved better than the law. James III. of Scotland also found it necessary to order quarterly practices of arms when "football and golf be utterly cryed down and not to be used." Played almost exclusively by the ignorant and rough, fanned by the upper classes, accompanied by frequent deaths and serious injuries occasioned by the excessive brutality and ruffianism displayed, football was as deservedly persecuted in those days as it is encouraged and patronized by Royalty to-day. That the game was still unlawful in the time of Elizabeth is evidenced by the fact that a Middlesex jury brought in a true bill against a number of persons who "with unknown malefactors to the number of one hundred assembled themselves unlawfully and played a certain unlawful game called football, by means of which unlawful game there was amongst them a great affray likely to result in homicides and serious accidents."

"A DEVILISH PASTIME." Stubbs, in his "Anatomy of Abuses in the Realm of England," describes football as a devilish pastime, resulting in brawling, murder, homicide, and great effusion of blood. Yet so far the game was more hand-ball than football. The gradual refinement and regulation of the game resulted in a decrease of its popularity, so that at the beginning of the nineteenth century the game almost disappeared altogether. Then the leading public schools took up the game each in its own particular style. In 1855 the Blackheath and Richmond Clubs were formed, and in 1855 the Football Association. In 1877 the number of players was reduced from twenty to fifteen.

Katharine Wybergh mentions in a paper on Socialism and women in the same magazine that in Great Britain the popular interest in football alone outweighs the aggregate interest in religion, science, literature and the fine arts.

As your teeth are wanted to last—for years to come—begin now to use

Calvert's Tooth Powder

However perfect your teeth may naturally be, they still require, and will well repay, the slight trouble and the short time you should daily give to their care.

The regular use of Calvert's Carbolic Tooth Powder ensures a complete antiseptic cleansing, helps the toothbrush to do its work easily, pleasantly, and thoroughly, and thus assists your own efforts towards keeping the teeth in the best possible condition.

Sold by local Chemists and Stores. F. C. Calvert & Co., Manchester, Eng.



ON SALE. BOUND VOLUMES OF THE HONGKONG WEEKLY PRESS, January to June, 1910. With Index. Price \$7.50. On sale at the "HONGKONG DAILY PRESS" Office. Hongkong, 30th June, 1910.

THE QUEEN'S OWN RIFLES IN CANADA.

"THE BUFFS ARE LOOKING."

Sir Henry Pollard, in his reply to the civic address of welcome which was presented to him on his arrival in Toronto from England with the Queen's Own Rifles, said:

"During our visit to the Motherland we have had very great pleasure in acknowledging many grand and enthusiastic receptions, but I can safely say that not one has been more appreciated than the magnificent reception which has been tendered to us to-day by our fellow-citizens of the grand old city of Toronto, our home."

Our welcome in the Motherland was truly British with the one exception that the old traditional British reserve was cast to the winds, and we were made to feel at once that we were soldier in his own home, that we might benefit by his long years of military education, and we have learned to admire his steadiness on parade and his endurance and efficiency on the field. We have tried to play the game. Our men from the first have lived up to the trust reposed in them, carrying out their training with all seriousness of purpose. Placed as they were between the Buffs and the Lothians, two of England's oldest and best regiments, they had no mean task set for them, and on the long and trying marches many an act of good comradeship was performed. Our men have been on their motto, the watchword being "Steady, Queen's Own, the Buffs are looking." The good name of the regiment, the reputation of our city and, above all, that of the Dominion which we were representing, were kept ever in mind, and if we have won the respect of the British Regulars with whom we were so closely associated in the manoeuvres, then truly our Imperial undertaking has fulfilled all the purpose that we of the Queen's Own desire or hope for. On behalf of the regiment I have the honour to command, let me thank you, Mr. Mayor, and all our friends for this grand reception, given us, I feel certain, as a mark of your hearty approval of the Imperial undertaking which the regiment has just completed. Only one sad incident occurred, of which I cannot trust myself here to speak, or to explain the sorrow and regret of the regiment at its occurrence."

INDIA AND OPIUM. Following the publication of the Christian Appeal for an earlier suppression of the opium traffic, several letters have appeared in the Times representing the effect of opium suppression on India. Major Ernest Barnes, retired, late of the Indian Political Service, writes:— It is not only a question of the poorer classes among the Indian tax-payers. The extinction of the opium will, in the absence of some substitute or compensation, mean real financial disaster to and consequent dislocation of several of the Native State Governments. In the States of Malwa, Southern Rajputana, and the Indore and Bhopawar Agencies the land revenue derived from the cultivation of opium is one of the most important items of the Budget. May I quote from the *Indian Spectator* of August 27th last? Those who know India know that the effect of this paper is a true-hearted philanthropist, and also one of the influential Indians of the day. After referring to one of your articles on India and to the importance of the Native States as factors in the economy of the Empire, stress is laid on the need of financial justice towards them, as equity of this kind is concrete and easily intelligible both to the princes and the people of India. The article then proceeds:— "Have the British been equitable in all their financial dealings with this country? Instances to the contrary are too well known to be cited. The last straw seems to be this so-called extinction of the opium trade at the expense of the opium-growing States, their Zamindars, merchants, and labouring population. Here the British Government launch upon a speculation which may or may not succeed, in order perhaps to placate the United States and to save China from herself—an almost impossible task. The results of the new policy threaten financial disaster to several of the States, and yet not one of the rulers has so much as been consulted in the matter. We are told in whispers about Exeter Hall and the pressure it might exert on Government. Is India to be governed by idle sentimentalists or by responsible statesmen? Surely these latter are more responsible to the princes and peoples of India than to Exeter Hall, to China, or the United States. An international policy with regard to the control of traffic in opium is to be welcomed, but it must not be indulged at the expense exclusively of others who are not a party to the international agreement. And where and how comes in this international action when the Government of India practically put down the export of opium from the Native States into British India territory itself? The new policy creates a number of pitfalls that may swallow up high reputations. It also seems to us to be arbitrary and invidious in its working." I apologize for troubling you, but the matter is really a serious one, and your correspondent lately in India will surely have written in vain if it is disposed of by Government on any but an equitable basis. Another Correspondent writes:— May I supplement Sir H. Barnes' letter by another fact? Many millions of the Indian people are moderate consumers of opium. Apparently in some parts of India they benefit by its use in moderation. It is seldom one meets a person who indulges to excess in India. The Indians find it difficult to understand why the British Government are so keen to deprive them of six millions of revenue without consulting their wishes. A short time since an Indian friend of mine who had lately been elected to the new Council wrote me as follows, viz.:—"I really don't know what possessed the authorities to agree to the abolition of the opium trade which is in sight now, and which brought in an annual revenue of near six crores of rupees." We have given the natives full powers in the new elected Councils; but do we allow them, the people solely interested in the best way for raising revenue, to decide in what way it shall be levied? Have the people of India, through their elected members, decided to abolish the opium trade and give up six crores of revenue, or have the people of India been even consulted in the matter? And if not, why not? These are questions which I leave the Archbishop of Armagh and others to answer."

BARCLAY, PERKINS & CO. FAMOUS LONDON STOUT.



SOLE AGENTS FOR CHINA: DADY BURJOR & Co.

Wholesale Wine & Spirit Merchants 1037

London Selling Agents TEA, INDIGO, IRRES, BRISTLES, OILSEEDS, KIDDER & SKINS, RUBBER, DRUGS, COTTON, WOOL, CIGARS, MICA, GUMS, AND GENERAL PRODUCE. Sold on commission and Conditional Market. Samples valued. Not open for consignments to be directed. KEYMER, SON & CO. (Import Dept.) Whitechapel, London. Tel: 4000. "Keymer, London." Est. 1861.

PASSENGER SEASON 1911.

IN 25 DAYS TO ITALY

BY THE

MAGNIFICENT N.D.L. LINERS:

DISPLACEMENT.

"PRINCESS ALICE" - 20,300 - ON MARCH 22ND.

Capt. F. GEUSCH.

"LUETZOW" - 17,300 - ON APRIL 5TH.

Capt.

"KLEIST" - 17,000 - ON APRIL 19TH.

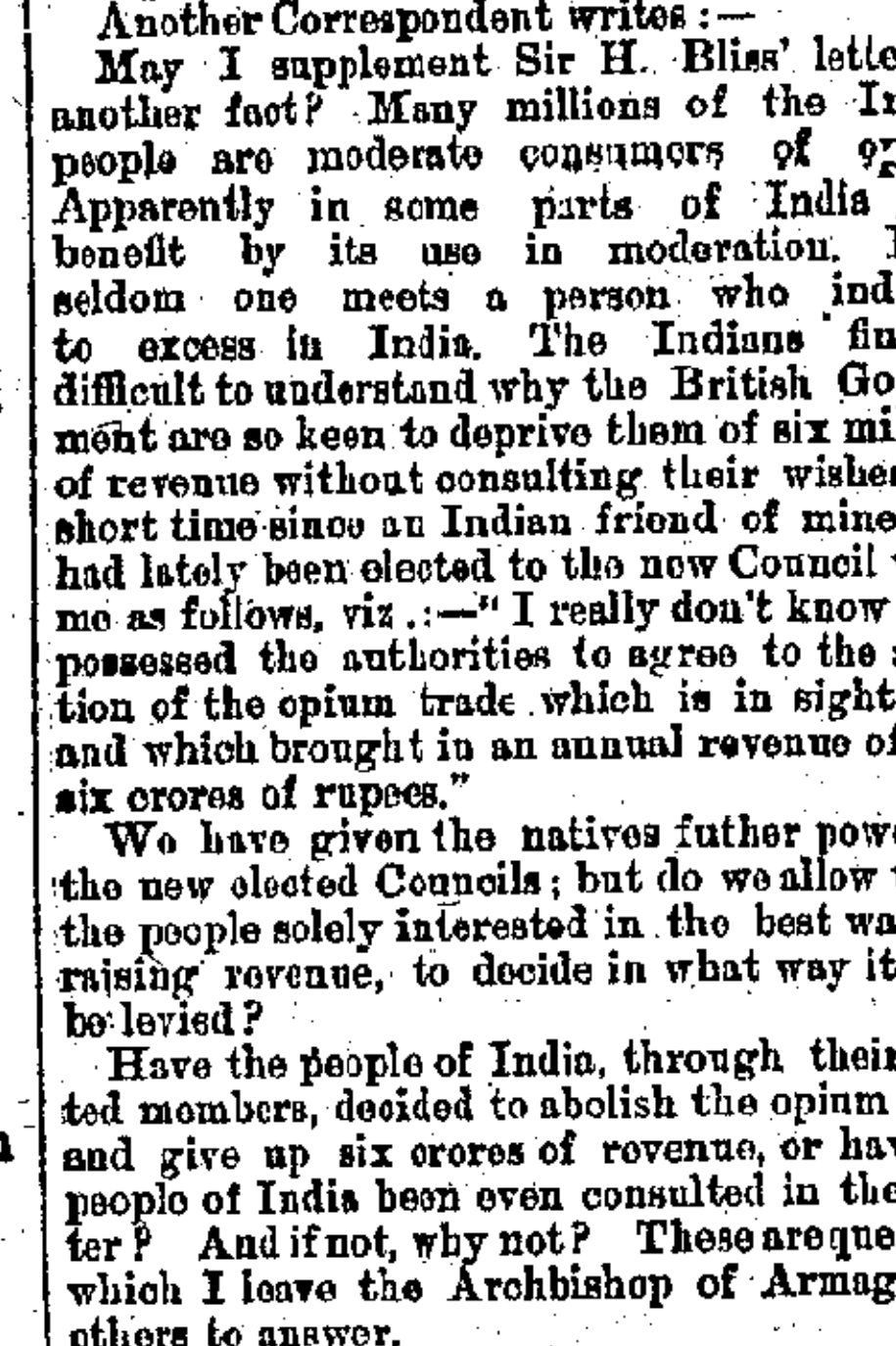
Capt. O. PARNKE.

CALLING AT NAPLES, GENOA, ALGERS, GIBRALTAR AND SOUTHAMPTON TO LAND PASSENGERS.

Fitted with Wireless Telegraphy. Early booking recommended. For Particulars, apply to

Hongkong, 15th September, 1910.

BARCLAY, PERKINS & CO. FAMOUS LONDON STOUT.



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Wholesale Wine & Spirit Merchants 1037

London Selling Agents TEA, INDIGO, IRRES, BRISTLES, OILSEEDS, KIDDER & SKINS, RUBBER, DRUGS, COTTON, WOOL, CIGARS, MICA, GUMS, AND GENERAL PRODUCE. Sold on commission and Conditional Market. Samples valued. Not open for consignments to be directed. KEYMER, SON & CO. (Import Dept.) Whitechapel, London. Tel: 4000. "Keymer, London." Est. 1861.

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Fitted with Wireless Telegraphy. Early booking recommended. For Particulars, apply to

Hongkong, 15th September, 1910.

U. S. MAIL LINES. PACIFIC MAIL S.S. CO., TOYO KISEN KAISHA.

SEMI-TROPICAL ROUTE.

Only Line taking the warm SOUTHERN ROUTE across the PACIFIC via HONOLULU, OAHU, the most Fertile and Beautiful Island of the PACIFIC.

PROPOSED SAILING FROM HONGKONG. (SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.)

STEAMERS	Tons	THURSDAY	3rd Nov. at 5 p.m.
* MANCHURIA	27,000	SATURDAY	12th Nov. at 1 p.m.
* CHIYO MARU	21,000	SATURDAY	3rd Dec. at 1 p.m.
* MONGOLIA	27,000	SATURDAY	10th Dec. at 1 p.m.
* TENYO MARU	21,000	SATURDAY	17th Dec. at 1 p.m.
* KOREA	18,000	SATURDAY	31st Dec. at 1 p.m.
* NIPPON MARU	11,000	SATURDAY	7th Jan. at 1 p.m.
* SIBERIA	18,000	SATURDAY	14th Jan. at 1 p.m.

All Steamers are Equipped with Wireless Telegraphy.

THE P.M.S.S. "MANCHURIA" will be despatched for SAN FRANCISCO via MANILA (sailing from Manila Nov. 6th for Shanghai) SHANGHAI, NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA, and HONOLULU, on THURSDAY, 3rd November, at 1 p.m.

FARES: HONGKONG TO LONDON £71 10s. 0d. RETURN, SIX MONTHS, £120; 24 MONTHS, £125; INCLUDING BERTH AND MEALS ACROSS AMERICA.

SPECIAL RATES (First Class Only) Granted upon Application. To European Ports: Officials of all European Naval, Military, Diplomatic, Consular and/or Civil Services located in Asia, to European Officials in the Services of the Governments of China and Japan. To United States Ports: Commissioned Officers of the United States Army, Navy, U.S.P.H. & M.H. Services, U.S. Consul Generals, Consuls and Vice-Consuls stationed at Ports of Call. To United States and Canadian Ports: Members of the Naval, Military, Diplomatic and Consular Officials of the Governments of China and Japan. These Special Rates apply when travelling at their own expense and to their families. To all points:—Missionaries and their families.

INTERMEDIATE SERVICE.

ASIA..... 9,500 Tons..... SATURDAY, 19th Nov., at 1 p.m.

CHINA..... 10,200 Tons..... SATURDAY, 14th Jan., at 1 p.m.

The "ASIA" will leave for SAN FRANCISCO, via SHANGHAI, NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA and HONOLULU, on SATURDAY, 19th November, at 1 p.m.

On the Fine MAIL Steamers, ASIA and CHINA, FIRST CLASS. SALOON SERVICE is furnished at Intermediate Rates.

FARES, HONGKONG TO LONDON via Canadian Atlantic Ports. £43.

HONGKONG TO SAN FRANCISCO via New York £25.

Through Bills of Lading issued to Japan, North, Central and South American Ports. For further information as to Passage and Freight, apply to the Agency of the Companies, KING'S BUILDING (opposite Blake Pier).

FRED J. HALTON, AGENT. [1227]

PORTLAND & ASIATIC S.S. CO.,

OPERATING IN CONNECTION WITH THE

OREGON RAILROAD & NAVIGATION CO.

For PORTLAND, via MOJI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA & SAN FRANCISCO.

(WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT HONOLULU AND SAN FRANCISCO.)

STEAMSHIP Tons. CAPTAIN To SAIL

"HENRIK IBSEN" .. 4,578 .. Christen Smith .. About 20th November.

Through Bills of Lading issued to Pacific Coast Ports and all Eastern Canadian and United States Ports. For through rates of Freight and further information, communicate with or apply to

FRED J. HALTON, AGENT. [1228]

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL

STEAM NAVIGATION CO.

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON 1911.

PROPOSED SAILINGS OF MAIL STEAMERS

FOR MARSEILLES AND LONDON.

TAKING PASSENGERS ALSO FOR

COLOMBO, INDIA, AUSTRALASIA, EGYPT, BRINDISI, &c.

THROUGH TICKETS ISSUED TO BOSTON AND NEW YORK.

Steamer	Tons	F.M. SATURDAY	Steamer	Tons	SATURDAY	FRIDAY
DELHI	8000	February 4	MANTUA	11000	March 4	March 10
ARCADIA	7000	February 18	MALWA	11000	March 18	March 24
ASSAYE	7500	March 4	MACEONIA 10500		April 1	April 7
MARMORA	10500	March 18	{Through Steamer		April 15	April 21
			{calling at Bombay}			
DEVANHA	8000	April 1	MOLDAYIA 10000		April 29	May 5
DELHI	8000	April 15	MONGOLIA 10000		May 13	May 19
ASSAYE	7500	April 29	MOREA 11000		May 27	June 2
DELTA	8000	May 13	MOULTAN 10000		June 10	June 16

Passengers change Steamers at COLOMBO, and those for BRINDISI transfer also to the Express Mail Steamer at PORT SAID.

Accommodation in the connecting Steamer from COLOMBO is definitely reserved in Hongkong or at the time of Booking.

FARES TO LONDON (Including Surtax):

1st SALOON £71.10 SINGLE. £106.14 RETURN.

2nd 48.8 " £72.12

IN ADDITION TO THE ABOVE MAIL STEAMERS

INTERMEDIATE (Non-Transit) STEAMERS WILL LEAVE FOR

LONDON

CARRYING PASSENGERS AT REDUCED RATES.

PROPOSED SAILINGS:

STEAMERS	Leave HONGKONG	Due LONDON
* SUNDIA	January	about 25
* NUBIA	February	about 8
* SYRIA	March	about 8
* NOBIA	March	about 22
* PATAWAN	April	about 5
* BORNEO	April	about 19
* SIOLIA	May	about 3
* SUMATRA	May	about 17
* NILE	June	about 14

These Steamers call also at SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, and at MARSEILLES

FARES TO LONDON (Including Surtax):

1st SALOON £55.0 SINGLE. £82.10 RETURN.

2nd 38.10 " £57.4

Carry 1st and 2nd Saloon Passengers. For further Particulars, apply to—

E. A. HEWETT, SUPERINTENDENT. [1022]

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL

STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

FOR	STEAMERS	TO SAIL	REMARKS
LONDON VIA USUAL PORTS	DEVANHA	Noon, 29th Oct.	See Special Advertisement.
LONDON VIA ANTWERP	PALAWAN	5 P.M., 2nd Nov.	Freight and Passage.
ANG. COLOMBO. PORT SAID AND MARSEILLES	DELTA	About 11th Nov.	Freight and Passage.
SHANGHAI	DELTA	About 11th Nov.	Freight and Passage.
SHANGHAI, MOJI, KOBE AND YOKOHAMA	CEYLON	About 16th Nov.	Freight only.

For Further Particulars, apply to

E. HEWETT,
Superintendent.

Hongkong, 29th October, 1910

CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LD.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION

FOR	STEAMER	TO SAIL
NEWCHWANG	"HUPEH"	On 29th Oct., Noon.
SHANGHAI	"LINAN"	On 29th Oct., Noon.
MANILA	"TAMING"	On 1st Nov., 4 P.M.
SHANGHAI	"CHINHUA"	On 3rd Nov., 4 P.M.
CHEFOO & TIENTSIN	"KUEICHOW"	On 10th Nov., 4 P.M.
MANILA, ZAMBOANGA, THURS. DAY ISLAND, COOKTOWN, CALENS, TOWNSVILLE, BRISBANE, SYDNEY & MELBOURNE	"TAIYUAN"	On 10th Nov., 3 P.M.

DIRECT SAILINGS TO WEST RIVER, Twice Weekly.

S.S. "LINTAN" and S.S. "SANUL".
AUSTRALIAN STEAMERS have superior accommodation with Electric Light throughout and Electric Fans in the Staterooms. A duly qualified Surgeon is carried. REDUCED FARES, Cargo booked through for all Australian, New Zealand and Tasmanian Ports.

MANILA TWIN SCREW STEAMERS & TIENTSIN STEAMERS have superior Passenger accommodation with Electric Light throughout and Electric Fans in the Staterooms and Dining Saloon.
FAST SCHEDULE TWIN SCREW STEAMERS ("ANHUI," "CHENAN," "CHINHUA" and "LINAN") with excellent accommodation, Electric Light throughout and Electric Fans in the Staterooms and Dining Saloon, leaving Hongkong for Shanghai direct every Thursday and Sunday, taking cargo on through Bills of Lading to all Yangtze and Northern China Ports.

Passengers must embark before Mid-night on SATURDAY, for the SUNDAY Morning sailings. A Co's launch leaves Murray Pier at 10 o'clock every SATURDAY Night.

These Steamers Land Passengers in Shanghai, avoiding the inconvenience of transhipment at Wusung.
FARE, \$45 SINGLE and \$80 RETURN.

For Freight or Passage apply to
HONGKONG, 28th October, 1910

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,
AGENTS [10]

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP CO., LD.

HONGKONG-SOUTH CHINA COAST PORTS

HIGHEST Class, Fastest and Most Luxurious Steamers on the Coast, having Splendid Accommodation for First Class Passengers. Electric Light. Excellent Cuisine.

FOR SWATOW, AMOY AND FOOCHEW AND RETURN.

STEAMSHIPS	CAPTAIN	LEAVING.
"HAITAN"	Capt. J. W. Evans	TUESDAY, 1st Nov., at 11 A.M.
"HAIYANG"	Capt. A. E. Hodgins	FRIDAY, 4th Nov., at 11 A.M.
"HAICHING"	Capt. W. C. Passmore	TUESDAY, 8th Nov., at 11 A.M.

FOR SWATOW AND RETURN.

STEAMSHIPS	CAPTAIN	LEAVING.
"HAIMUN"	Capt. A. H. Stewart	SUNDAY, 30th Oct., at 11 A.M.
		WEDNESDAY, 2nd Nov., at 11 A.M.

Steamers will arrive at and Depart from the Company's Wharf (near Elsie Pier).
For Freight and Passage apply to—
HONGKONG, 29th October 1910.

DOUGLAS, LAPRAIK & Co.,
GENERAL MANAGERS. [9]

EAST ASIATIC CO., LD.

COPENHAGEN, SINGAPORE, BANGKOK & SHANGHAI.

RUSSIAN EAST ASIATIC CO., LD.,

ST. PETERSBURG & VLADIVOSTOK

PROJECTED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG.

SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

DESTINATION	STEAMERS	DATE OF SAILING
SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA and KOBE "SIAM"		On 6th December.

For further Particulars apply to

MELOHERS & CO.,
AGENTS. [6]

INDO-CHINA S. NAV. CO., LD.

PROJECTED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG (SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.)

FOR	STEAMERS	TO SAIL
SHANGHAI VIA NINGPO	"TUNGSHING"	Sunday, 30th Oct., 11 A.M.
SHANGHAI	"CHOYSANG"	Monday, 31st Oct., Noon.
SINGAPORE, PENANG & CALCUTTA	"KUTSANG"	Monday, 31st Oct., 5 P.M.
TIENTSIN	"CHEONGSHING"	Friday, 4th Nov., Noon.
MANILA	"YUENSANG"	Friday, 11th Nov., 4 P.M.
MANILA	"LOONGSANG"	Friday, 11th Nov., 4 P.M.
SHANGHAI, KOBE & MOJI	"NAMSANG"	Monday, 21st Nov., Noon.

RETURN TOURS TO JAPAN.

Occurring 24 DAYS.
The Steamers "KUTSANG," "NAMSANG" and "FOOKSANG" leave about every 3 weeks for Shanghai and returning via Kobe (Inland Sea) and Moji to Hongkong.
These vessels have all modern improvements and are fitted throughout with Electric Light.
A duly qualified surgeon is also carried.
Steamers have superior accommodation for First Class Passengers and are fitted throughout with Electric Light.
Taking Cargo on through Bills of Lading to Yangtze Ports, Chefoo, Tientsin & Newchwang.
Telephone No. 215, Sub. Exch. 4.
For Freight or Passage, apply to
HONGKONG, 29th October, 1910.

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., LTD.,
GENERAL MANAGER [14]

CHINA AND MANILA

STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.

STEAMSHIP	TONS.	CAPTAIN	FOR	SAILING DATE
ZAFIRO	2540	A. Fraser	Manila	On 29th Oct., Noon.
BUBI	2540	R. Rodger	Manila	On 5th Nov., Noon.

For Freight or Passage apply to
Hongkong, 25th October, 1910SHEWAN, TOMES & Co.
General Managers. [12]

HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE.

Regular Sailings from JAPAN, CHINA and PHILIPPINES,
via STRAITS and COLOMBO,
to MARSEILLES, HAVRE, BREMEN and HAMBURG and to NEW YORK.

TAKING Cargo at Through Rates to all European North Continental and British Ports, also Trieste, Lisbon, Oporto, Marseilles, Genoa, and other Mediterranean Levantine, Black Baltic Sea and Ports, and all North and South American Ports.

NEXT SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG:

HOMEWARD.

FOR	STEAMERS	TO SAIL
FOR SHANGHAI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA:		
S.S. WESTPHALIA	8th Nov.	
S.S. ARABIA	18th Nov.	
S.S. BRASLIA	1st Dec.	
S.S. SCANDIA	15th Oct.	
S.S. BRISGAVIA	16th Dec.	
S.S. SLAVONIA	10th Jan.	
S.S. SEGOLIA	12th Jan.	
S.S. SPEZIA	28th Jan.	
FOR ROTTERDAM, HAMBURG & ANTWERP:		
S.S. BELGRAVIA	6th Nov.	
S.S. SENEGAMBIA	17th Nov.	
FOR ROTTERDAM, HAMBURG & ANTWERP:		
S.S. SILVIA	20th Nov.	
FOR HAVRE & HAMBURG:		
S.S. ARMENIA	24th Nov.	
FOR HAVRE & HAMBURG:		
S.S. SUEVIA	30th Nov.	
FOR ROTTERDAM, ANTWERP & HAMBURG:		
S.S. BULGARIA	8th Dec.	

For Further Particulars, apply to—

HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE,
Hongkong Office. [11]

SOUTH AMERICAN LINE.

REGULAR STEAMSHIP SERVICE FOR

CALLAO, IQUIQUE, VALPARAISO, ETC., VIA MOJI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA,
HONOLULU, MANZANILLO AND SALINA CRUZ (Mexico).

S.S. HONGKONG MARU	11,000 tons gross	Sail Dec. 21st, at Noon.
S.S. KIYO MARU	11,200 "	About Mid. Feb. 1911

For particulars apply to

N. YAMADA, Acting Manager.
TOYO KISEN KAISHA, King's Building.
4031

NIPPONYUSEN KAISHA

(THE JAPAN MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.)

PROJECTED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG—
SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

DESTINATIONS	STEAMERS	TONS.	SAILING DATES.
MARSEILLES, LONDON and ANTWERP, via SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO and PORT SAID	TANGO MARU Capt. A. Christiansen	8,000	WEDNESDAY, 9th Nov., at Daylight.
	KAMO MARU Capt. F. L. Sommer	9,000	WEDNESDAY, 23rd Nov., at Daylight.
	AKI MARU Capt. K. Homma	7,000	WEDNESDAY, 7th Dec., at Daylight.
VICTORIA B.C. & SEATTLE	KAMAKURA MARU Capt. J. Nagao	7,000	SATURDAY, 3rd Dec., from KOBE.
VICTORIA, B.C. and SEATTLE, via SHANGHAI, MOJI, KOBE, YOKKAICHI, and YOKOHAMA	TAMBA MARU Capt. K. Sato	7,000	TUESDAY, 8th Nov., at Noon.
	AWA MARU Capt. S. Ishikawa	7,000	TUESDAY, 6th Dec., at Noon.
SYDNEY and MELBOURNE, via MANILA, THURSDAY ISLAND, TOWNSVILLE and BRISBANE	KUMANO MARU Capt. M. Winkler	6,000	FRIDAY, 25th Nov., at Noon.
BOMBAY via SINGAPORE, and COLOMBO	YAWATA MARU Capt. T. Sekine	5,000	THURSDAY, 22nd Dec., at Noon.
	BOMBAY MARU Capt. N. Teronaka	5,000	MONDAY, 7th November.
SHANGHAI, MOJI and KOBE	TOSA MARU Capt. Y. Nomura	6,000	WEDNESDAY, 9th Nov., P.M.
KOBE and YOKOHAMA	MISHIMA MARU Capt. A. E. Moses	9,000	THURSDAY, 10th Nov., at 5 P.M.
NAGASAKI, KOBE and YOKOHAMA	YAWATA MARU Capt. T. Sekine	5,000	WEDNESDAY, 23rd Nov., at Noon.

Fitted with New System of Wireless Telegraphy. * Carries Deck Passengers.

PASSENGER SEASON, 1911.

SAILINGS AND PASSAGE RATES FROM HONGKONG.

TO MARSEILLES AND LONDON VIA SUEZ CANAL.

Steamers	Tons.	Leave H.K.	RATES OF PASSAGE.
MIYASAKI MARU	9000	15th Feb.	To London, per New Steamer
KITANO	9000	1st Mar.	1st Class S Y. 550.00
IYO	7000	15th "	" " " 2nd Class S R. 825.00
HIRANO	8000	29th "	" " " 3rd Class S R. 360.00
TANGO	8000	12th April	" " " old str. 1st Class S R. 500.00
KAMO	8000	26th "	" " " 2nd Class S R. 750.00
AKI	7000	10th May	" " " 2nd Class S R. 330.00
MISHIMA	9000	24th "	" " " " " R. 495.00

VICTORIA, B.C. & SEATTLE, WASH., U.S.A.

Steamers	Tons.	Leave H.K.	RATES OF PASSAGE.
AWA MARU	7000	28th Feb.	To Pacific Coast Common Points:
INABA	7000	28th Mar.	1st Class S \$30
TAMBA	7000	25th April	To London via New York:
			1st Class S \$21
AWA	7000	23rd May	via St. Lawrence:
			1st Class S \$29

For further information as to Freight, Passage, Sailings, etc., apply at
T. KUSUMOTO,
MANAGER. [13-125]

Hongkong, 7th September, 1910.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.

REGULAR SERVICES, PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG.

(Subject to Alteration).

TRANS-PACIFIC SERVICE.

Connecting at TACOMA with
THE CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE AND PUGET SOUND
RAILWAY AND

THE CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE AND ST. PAUL RAILWAY
(The only direct train service, without transshipment, also shortest and fastest route, from the Pacific Coast to Chicago). Taking cargo on through Bills of Lading to all Overland Common Points in the U.S.A. and Canada, also to the principal ports in Mexico, Central and South America.

FOR	STEAMERS	Tons (Gross reg.)	LEAVES.
VICTORIA, B.C. & TACOMA via MOJI, KOBE and YOKOHAMA	"CHICAGO MARU"	6,182	WEDNESDAY, 2nd Nov., at Noon
	"TACOMA MARU"	6,178	WEDNESDAY, 30th Nov., at Noon

The Co.'s Newly Built Steamers have fair speed. Superior accommodation for steerage Passengers situated AMIDSHIP. A limited number of Cabin Passengers carried at Low Rates. Best adapted rooms for carrying Silk, Treasure and Parcels. Special attention given towards Express connection.

HONGKONG, SOUTH CHINA COAST PORTS & FORMOSA SERVICE

FOR	STEAMERS	LEAVES.
TAMSUI VIA SWATOW, & AMOY	"DAIJIN MARU"	SUNDAY, 30th Oct., at 10 A.M.
SHANGHAI VIA SWATOW, AMOY & FOOCHEW	"CHOSHUN MARU"	THURSDAY, 3rd Nov., at 10 A.M.
ANPING VIA SWATOW & AMOY	"SOSHU MARU"	WEDNESDAY, 9th Nov., at 10 A.M.

CHEAPEST THROUGH PASSAGE TO NANKING, in connection with The Nankin Kisen Kaisha's Steamers at Shanghai, for The NANKING EXPOSITION.

HONGKONG-NANKING, RETURN.

1st CLASS.	2nd CLASS.	3rd CLASS.
\$73.00	\$55.00	\$27.00

1st and 2nd Class Passengers have the option of travelling by Rail between Shanghai and Nanking.
Fair Speed. Superior Passenger Accommodation. Electric Light throughout. First Class Cuisine.
For information of Freight, Passages, Sailings, etc., apply at the Co.'s Local Branch Office, at Second Floor, No. 1, Queen's Buildings.

S. HIROI,
MANAGER

THOS. COOK & SON,

TOURIST, STEAMSHIP & FORWARDING AGENTS.

BANKERS & CO.

CHIEF OFFICE:—LUDGATE CIRCUS, LONDON, E.C.
TICKETS TO EUROPE by the principal STEAMSHIP LINES and TRANS-SIBERIAN RAILWAY.
TOURS arranged to ALL PARTS of the WORLD.
BAGGAGE collected, forwarded and insured at lowest rates.
LETTERS of CREDIT and CIRCULAR NOTES ISSUED and CASHED.
FOREIGN MONIES exchanged.

OFFICIAL AGENTS FOR THE OBERAMMERGAU PASSION PLAYS OF 1910, AND THE ANGLO-JAPANESE EXHIBITION OF 1910.

Head Office for the Far East:—
16, DES VŒUX ROAD.
662] HONGKONG.

Japan Office.
32, WATER STREET
YOKOHAMA.

O. B. ICE

Made from distilled water only. Quadruplicate filtration. Absolute purity assured. Plant open to inspection at all times.

ORIENTAL BREWERY, LTD..

BREWERS and MANUFACTURERS of ICE,

DEPOT: 55 & 57, DES VŒUX ROAD. [573]

VESSELS EXPECTED.

THE INDIAN MAIL.
The Indo-China str. *Laisang* from Calcutta and the Straits left Singapore for this port on the 25th inst.
THE GERMAN MAIL.
The I.G.M. str. *Laisang*, carrying the German Mails with dates from Berlin of the 5th instant, left Colombo on the 22nd instant p.m., and may be expected here on or about the 2nd prox.
THE AMERICAN MAIL.
The T.K.K. str. *Chiyu Maru* sails from Yokohama on the 26th inst. for Hongkong, and is due to arrive at Hongkong on the 4th prox.
The P.M. str. *Asia* left San Francisco on the 11th instant en route to Hongkong, via Honolulu, Japan and Shanghai, and is due to arrive at this port on the 8th prox.
The P.M. str. *Mongolia* left San Francisco on the 25th instant for Hongkong, via Honolulu, Japan and Manila, and is due to arrive at this port on the 25th prox.
THE CANADIAN MAIL.
The C.P.R. Co.'s str. *Empress of India* left Vancouver on the 19th instant p.m., for Hongkong via usual ports of call.
THE AUSTRALIAN MAIL.
The E. & A. str. *Albion* left Sydney on the 26th instant for this port, via Queensland Ports and Manila.
MERCHANT STEAMERS.
The N.Y.K. str. *Tamaki Maru* (American Line) left Kobe for this port via Moji and Shanghai on the 21st inst., and is expected here tomorrow.
The Barber Line str. *Suruga* sailed from New York on the 21st ultimo for Hongkong, via the Straits.
The T.K.K. str. *Hongkong Maru* sailed from Callao on the 3rd instant for this port, via the usual ports of call.

VESSELS PASSED ANJER.

Oct. 1, British str. *Islander*, Deans, from Christmas Island for Singapore.
Oct. 3, British cable str. *Recorder*, Brandenburg, from Singapore for Cocos Island.
Oct. 5, British str. *Sandhurst*, Reding, from Amsterdam for Batavia.
Oct. 5, British str. *Quilon*, Stewart, from Bombay for Batavia.
Oct. 6, British str. *Santhia*, Sept. 17, from Calcutta for Sourabaya.
Oct. 7, British str. *Upada*, from Sourabaya for Calcutta.
Oct. 9, British str. *Earl of Torfan*, Aug. 4, from Philadelphia for China.
Oct. 12, British cable str. *Recorder*, Brandenburg, from Cocos Island for Batavia.
Oct. 12, Dutch str. *Madura*, Brest, from Amsterdam for Batavia.
Oct. 13, Portug. man-of-war *Vasco da Gama*, Jose A. C. Soares, Oct. 13, from Batavia for Goa.
Oct. 13, Dutch str. *Bindjari*, Bakker, Oct. 13, from Batavia for Rotterdam.
Oct. 14, Dutch str. *Ophir*, Workhoven, Sept. 10, from Rotterdam for Batavia.

